The Janesville Daily Gazette.

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THE GAZETTE.

FRIDAY JULY 23.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

The republican electors of the state of Wisconsin are requested to elect delegates to a state convention to be held in the capitol, at Madison,

WEDNESDAY SEPT. 8, 1886,

at 12 o'clock, noon, for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates of the republican party for the several state offices, to be voted for at the ensuing general election in November. Each county will be entitled to delegates as follows, the representation being based upon the number of votes cast for Mr. Blaine in 1884, one delegate to each 500 votes, or major fraction of 500—each county entitled to one delegate, without reference to number of votes cast:

COUNTIES.	Vote for Blaine.	No. of delegates.	COUNTIES.	Vote for Blaine.	No. of delegates.
Adams	1083	2	Manitowoc	2525	5
Ashland	1081	2	Marathon	2144	4
Barron	1695	3	Marinette	2026	4
Bayfield	481	1	Marquette	940	2
Brown	2946	6	Milwaukee	10841	31
Buffalo	1541	3	Monroe	2688	5
Burnett	607	1	Oconto	1494	3
Calumet	957	2	Outagamie	2814	5
Chippewa	2148	5	Ozaukee	716	1
Clark	1953	4	Pepin	957	2
Columbia	3470	7	Pierce	2578	5
Crawford	1536	3	Polk	1718	3
Dane	6221	12	Portage	2313	5
Dodge	3145	6	Price	794	2
Door	1833	4	Racine	5068	8
Douglas	275	1	Richland	2459	5
Dunn	2536	5	Rock	6265	13
Eau Claire	3607	7	St. Croix	2501	5
Florence	368	1	Sauk	3557	7
Fond du Lac	4275	9	Sawyer	278	1
Grant	4187	8	Shawano	1508	3
Green	2583	5	Sheboygan	3511	7
Green Lake	1525	3	Taylor	759	2
Iowa	2163	5	Trempeleau	2184	4
Jackson	2060	4	Vernon	2916	6
Jefferson	2912	6	Walworth	4323	9
Juneau	2012	4	Washburn	281	1
Kenosha	1705	3	Washington	1583	3
Kewaunee	748	1	Waukesha	3207	6
La Crosse	3785	8	Waupaca	3081	6
La Fayette	2491	5	Waushara	2146	4
Langlade	179	1	Winnebago	4800	10
Lincoln	1075	2	Wood	1455	3
Total				161157	322

H. A. TAYLOR, Chairman.

J. E. HEG,	SIMEON WHITELEY,
G. W. CARTER,	C. K. PIER,
C. H. BAXTER,	J. G. MONAHAN,
GEORGE PASCHEN,	J. R. BRIGHAM,
GUSTAV KUSTERMAN,	L. B. HARVEY,
JOHN HICKS,	W. M. GRISWOLD,
C. K. IRWIN,	A. L. SLYE,
J. W. DEGROFF,	W. H. HUNTINGTON,
H. O. HETZEL,	MARION WESTCOTT,

State central committee.

Hudson, Wis., July 12, 1886.

Let us see if the president shall sharpen his veto pen for the Morrison resolution. He will be a brave president if he shall do this thing.

The more there is found out about the anarchists and the riots in Chicago, the tighter the corner in which the bomb-throwers are driven.

General W. S. Harney, of St. Louis, now over 90 years of age, denies all the allegations made by his children in the petition for a receiver for his estate, and to set aside his marriage contract with his second wife.

The most interesting news coming from Washington these times is about Mrs. Cleveland's pictures, how they were taken and how they sell. Congress can't compete with the first "lady of the land" at the present time.

In discussing the "surplus" bill the other day in the house of representatives, Mr. McMillan, of Tennessee, very oratorically exclaimed—"The wheels of Industry are stopped!" The speaker evidently did not know the reason why the wheels of Industry are stopped. The reason is that they are tired.

The Milwaukee Sentinel: Governor Oglesby, of Illinois, has been reviewing the militia of that state, encamped near Springfield, and made them a speech in which he complimented them upon their fine appearance. By the way, will Governor Oglesby explain what use Illinois has for militia?

And so the heart aches when the Courier-Journal deliberately writes these impressive lines: "There are 87,500 republicans holding office under a democratic administration which is sixteen months old. For a man who likes that sort of a record this is about the kind of a record he would like, as Mr. Lincoln was, in the habit of remarking. We belong to the class who don't like it."

The Chattanooga Commercial says: "If Tennessee will elect a republican governor next November it will be worth millions to the state. Tennessee will then be the most important state in the union in the next presidential contest. Northern capital will find its way here by millions. As a business proposition the voters of Tennessee can afford to elect a republican governor."

The total values of the imports of merchandise during the twelve months ended June 30, 1886, were $635,253,606, and during the preceding twelve months $577,527,329—an increase of $57,726,277. The total values of the exports of merchandise during the twelve months ended June 30, 1886, were $679,325,972, and during the preceding twelve months $742,184,755, a decrease of $62,763,783.

At a meeting of the New York board of aldermen Thursday a resolution was referred to a committee providing for the appointment of a commission to consider the advisability of uniting into one municipality the cities of New York, Brooklyn, Yonkers, Long Island City and adjacent cities. This commission will confer with others from these cities, and must report before the meeting of the legislature.

The aldermen in St. Louis seem to be a cheap and a low set of men. Some of them have had the band of the law laid upon them for being drunk in office; some for extorting a paltry $50; others for bribery to the amount of $974. The New York papers rather boast of the difference between their aldermen and those in St. Louis. The aldermen under the shadow of Tammany never look at less than $1,000 a head, while $20,000 each was the sum in the Broadway business. They go abroad and and live in splendid style on their stealings; they revel in champagne.

The Baltimore American says: "Bishop Oberly, of the civil service commission, finds himself in rather a peculiar position. When he was a rampant politician politician and chairman of the Illinois democratic committee, he preferred charges against the republican postmasters of Chicago of offensive partisanship and had him removed and the present one appointed. Now the civil Service League of Chicago have preferred charges against Postmaster Judd of 'Veazeyism,' or appointing democrats because they are democrats, etc. The charges have been transferred to Mr. Oberly by the commissioner for action. Thus he finds himself called upon to act upon the short-comings of the man he was active in appointing. But Mr Oberly is now a full fledged civil service reformer, and says he is going to beat the record of Mr. Dorman B. Eaton."

From Rhode Island, which adopted prohibition a few months ago, come reports of the famous business which the drug stores are doing. A gentleman who was in Providence a few days ago, tells the Buffalo Express that on Saturday night last in Providence, he met on his way to his lodgings four very drunken men making their unmolested but tortuous way homeward, and an acquaintance said that being farther down town later in the evening he saw probably fifty like afflicted, who had apparently been turned out in gangs when the dives closed for the night. The same acquaintance related that on Sunday morning he betook himself to a drugstore in a suburban neighborhood where he lived, thinking that the friendly druggist might be willing to furnish a cure for his thirst. What was his surprise to find fifty or more men formed in a one and taking turns at getting their prescriptions filled. Each prescription was for whisky, and after it was filled the little paper was handed back to the patient—to be used over again.

In 1882 a liquor license in Chicago cost $52, and the number of licenses issued was 3,919. In 1883 the price of a license was raised to $103, and the number of licenses fell to 3,717, making a decrease of 202. Since that time the high license law has been in force, and the price of a license has been $500, and the number of licenses issued has been, in 1884, 3,800; in 1885, 3,705; and in 1886, 3,610, showing a decrease of about 100 saloons every year since the first year the law went into force, and this while the population of the city was increasing at the rate of 50,000 a year. Meanwhile the revenue derived by the city from this source has increased from $195,490 in 1882, to $385,861 in 1883, to $1,369,655 in 1884 and to $1,721,474 in 1885. The effect has been to close up the doggeries, especially in the thinly populated districts, to draw the business in somewhat toward the center of the city, and to put it into the hands of more responsible parties. There has been a corresponding improvement in the good order of the city, and the political influence of the saloonkeepers, in the aggregate has been reduced. That is what high license has done for "the wickedest city in America."

The supreme court of Minnesota recently decided that a charge for commission on a loan of money, under pretense of taking pay as the agent of others was a mere cover for usury. The case was that of a poor woman of Minneapolis who was obliged to borrow money. She gave her note to a loan agent for $125, payable in a month, and obtained from him that sum less $1.04 for interest at the rate of 10 per cent a year, and less $6.47 as commission. The loan broker charged her $7.50 for the use of $117.50 for thirty days, which is at the rate of about 80 per cent. per annum. The woman was unable to pay at the end of the month, and the loan agent allowed her a thirty days' extension, for which he charged her another $7.50. At the end of the second month she was still unable to pay, and rather than sacrifice the household goods which were mortgaged to secure the debt, she paid $7.50 again to gain another month's time. The facts coming to the knowledge of a benevolent person, he assumed the trouble and cost of contesting the woman's rights, and the district court gave judgment in favor of the loan agent. On an appeal to the supreme court the judgment was reversed.

The Baldwin Locomotive works, Philadelphia, have just completed and shipped engine numbered 8,000. The first locomotive built at these works was turned out in December, 1832, and it took twenty years, until November, 1852, to build 500 engines. The second 500 were built in eight years, number 1,000 being finished in February, 1860. The next six years saw the third 500 built, number 1,500 leaving the shop July, 1866. The fourth 500 were built in three years, and the sixth and seventh 500 each in one year, engine No. 3,500 leaving November 10, 1873. Business then slackened, three years being required to build the next 500, and two years the following 500, engine number 4,500 leaving December 17, 1878. Then trade improved 500 engines being built in fifteen months and 1,000 more engines in twenty-two months, while 500 more engines were finished in ten months, number 6,500 leaving December 6, 1882, and marking a half century for the works. The next eight months saw 500 more built, and before the close of 1884 number 7,500 was turned out. Work has again slackened, and nineteen months were required for the final 500 locomotives, number 8,000 having just left the establishment.

Acker's Blood Elixir is the only Blood Remedy guaranteed. It is a positive cure for Ulcers, Eruptions or Syphilitic Poisoning. It purifies the whole system, and banishes all Rheumatic and Neuralgic pains. We guarantee it. Prentice & Evenson, druggists O. P. O

M'DONALD'S VIEWS.

THE INDIANA STATESMAN ON SEVERAL CURRENT TOPICS.

No Change Likely to Occur in the Cabinet—What He Thinks of the President—Indiana's Opinion of Civil Service Reform—The Prohibitionists—The Leaders for 1888.

CHICAGO, July 23.—Ex-Senator Joseph E. McDonald, of Indiana, is at the Palmer house, having come to the city on legal business. He was asked by a reporter as to the probability of his entering President Cleveland's cabinet.

"Well," said he, laughingly, "I see my name mentioned one day as secretary of the treasury, and the next I am on the slate for attorney general. Now, I regard all this talk about any changes in the cabinet as mere rumor. I see the president every time I am in Washington, and that is not infrequently. I have never had any conversation with him concerning any changes in the cabinet. I know, however, that he entertains strong hopes that Secretary Manning will return to his post as soon as he is physically able. The prospects for his speedy recovery are now very promising. I have no thought that Attorney General Garland will resign, or that the president has any desire that he should do so. I do not believe that any changes, therefore, will occur.

"I think the administration is gaining in strength," continued the ex-senator. * * * He [Cleveland] is the master spirit of the administration. I think that any member of his official family, from the cabinet down, who would entertain or be governed in his actions by any opposition to the policy of the president would be very soon called upon to resign. I know of no case where any prominent member of the party has even been accused of endeavoring to carry out any policy adverse to that of the president."

"How do the Democrats in your state regard the civil service?"

"The Democrats of Indiana are not in favor of the civil service law as it now stands, although they find no fault with the president for honestly and faithfully executing the law which was there before him. That reform of the civil service in some degree is necessary is recognized by all. But that form of civil service which becomes a law which perpetuates men in office and creates virtually an official class is not favored by the Democrats of Indiana or those of any other state that I am aware of."

"What figure will the Prohibitionists cut in the coming campaign?"

"In our state it is too early to say. They are strongly organized and will make a vigorous campaign. The number of votes they can secure, however, will be influenced largely by circumstances yet to occur, especially in a state like ours, where the two national parties are pretty evenly divided and well matched. The Prohibition movement in some sections is growing rapidly, while in others it is dying out. In Indiana it is not so strong as it was four years ago. In the south and southwest it is for the time being a powerful political element. Prohibition, however, will become an accomplished fact with the millennium, but not before. As a distinguished Presbyterian divine in our state said once: 'Where it can be enforced it isn't needed; where it is needed it can't be enforced.'"

"Is it too soon to speculate upon the coming presidential campaign?"

"Well, yes, I think it is. Still I believe that if the national conventions were to meet this year Cleveland would be renominated with us and Blaine would head the Republican ticket. It would be the old race. But two years may make a great change. I think that Cleveland will again be our candidate, but am not certain Mr. Blaine can get the nomination two years hence."

POLITICS IN VERMONT.

Democrats and Prohibitionists Nominate State Tickets.

MONTPELIER, Vt., July 23.—The platform adopted by the Democratic state convention Thursday fully indorses President Cleveland's administration, including his appointments to office in Vermont; expresses sympathy with the Irish home rule movement; demands reduced surplus and equalized taxation on property; favors laws to control the liquor traffic, and though opposed to sumptuary laws demands enforcement of existing laws until repealed, and denounces the Republican party of Vermont for hypocrisy in enacting liquor laws which it does not intend to enforce.

The following ticket was nominated: For governor, S. C. Shurtleff, of Montpelier; for lieutenant governor, P. M. Meldon, of Rutland; for treasurer, T. H. Chuff, of Thetford; for secretary of state, W. W. Rider, of Bristol.

Prohibitionists in the Race.

BURLINGTON, Vt., July 23.—The Prohibitionists held their state convention here Thursday, with seventy-five delegates present. Professor H. M. Seeley, of Middleburg, was nominated for governor and W. L. Pearl, of St. Johnsburg, for lieutenant governor. The platform is for radical Prohibition.

Costly Drinks for Base Ballists.

CHICAGO, July 23.—McCormick, Flint, Gore, Williamson, Ryan, Flynn and Kelly, all of them members of the Chicago base ball club, were fined $25 each by the management Thursday for indulging in intoxicants.

THE MARKETS.

CHICAGO, July 22.

On the board of trade to-day the quotations in grain and provisions were as follows: Wheat—No. 2 July, opened 77¾c, closed 76c; August, opened 78¼c, closed 76½c; September, opened 80c, closed 78¾c. Corn—No. 2 July, opened 39¾c, closed 40¼c nominal; August, opened 40⅝c, closed 41c; September, opened 41½c, closed 42¼c asked. Oats—No. 2 July, opened 31c; August, opened 29½c, closed 29c asked; September, opened 30¼c, closed 29¾c. Pork—July, opened $9.55 nominal, closed $9.55; August, opened and closed $9.55; September, opened $9.60, closed $9.65. Lard—July, opened, $6.60, closed $6.57½.

Live Stock—The following prices were received from the Union stock yards to-day: Hogs—Market opened quiet and weak, at 5@10c lower priced, packers and shippers bought sparingly; light grades, $4.80@4.80; rough packing, $4.40@4.60; heavy packing and shipping lots, $4.65@5.00. Cattle—Stronger: beeves, $4.00@5.00; butchers, $1.50@3.75; stockers, $2.35@3.80; Texans, $2.35@4.00. Sheep—Slow but steady; common, $2.00@3.00; good, $3.35@4.00.

Produce: Butter—Extra creamery, 17@18c per lb; good dairy, 10@12c. Eggs—Strictly fresh, 11@11½c per doz. Poultry—Spring chickens, 11c per lb; spring ducks, 9@10c per lb. Apples—$4.00@6.00 per bbl. Berries—Black raspberries, 75c@$1.00 per 16 qts; red raspberries, 50@90c per 24-pt case; blackberries, $1.25@1.50 per 16-qt case; blueberries, 1.50@$1.75 per 16-qt box.

New York.

NEW YORK, July 22.

Wheat—No. 1 red state spot, 94@95c; No. 1 white do, 89c; No. 2 red winter August, 87c bid; September, 87⅞c October, 89⅜c. Corn—No. 2 mixed cash, 47¾c; July, 48c; August, 48½c. Oats—No 1 white state, 44@45c; No. 2 do, 40c; No. 2 mixed July, 37½c; August, 34½c bid. Rye—Dull. Barley—Nominal. Pork—Dull; new mess, $11.25@11.62½. Lard—$6.79, August; $6.86, September; $6.71, October.

An Enterprising, Reliable House.

F. Sherer & Company can always be relied upon, not only to carry in stock the best of everything, but to secure the agency for such articles as have well known merit, and are popular with the people, thereby sustaining the reputation of being always enterprising, and ever reliable. Having secured the agency for the celebrated Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, will sell it on a positive guarantee. It will surely cure any and every affection of throat, lungs and chest, and to show our confidence we invite you to call and get a trial bottle, free

To Prevent Hair Falling Out.

The following formula for preparing a tonic to prevent the falling out of the hair is highly recommended by a well-known chemist: Quinine sulphate, 20 grains; glycerine, 1 fluid ounce; cologne, 2 fluid ounces; bay rum, 2 fluid ounces, rose water, 11 fluid ounces. Rub the quinine with the glycerine, and add the other ingredients in order named. The addition of fluid extract of jaborandi is recommended to stimulate the growth.—Chicago Herald.

How Much Easier It Is.

Is there a knob, latch or key in the house which comes against the wall when the door to which it belongs is swung wholly open? A hole in the paper, if there be any, and in course of time in the plaster, will be the result. How much easier to nail or screw a small wooden block behind the door to prevent the contact than to replace the paper or plaster.—Exchange.

Broiling Fruits and Vegetables.

It is asserted by an authority that it is a mistake to suppose that broiling is applicable to fish and meats only. It can be employed with fruits and vegetables, and when these are watery excellent results are obtained. The apple, pear, quince and banana, the cucumber, tomato, green pepper or egg-plant thus prepared make admirable dishes.

Girls in a Printing Office.

The French national printing office employs girls as typefounders, printers, book-sewers, bookbinders, etc., the wages ranging from 50 cents to $1 per day. After thirty years' service both men and women are retired upon a pension.—Demorests' Monthly.

Mrs. Logan's Washington House.

Mrs. John A. Logan in her Washington house has an old-fashioned rag-carpet on the stairs and picturesque Indian blankets for portieres. On one of her parlor mantels is a lambrequin made of South American mulberry-tree bark.—Inter-Ocean.

The Next Fashion in Hair.

It may be interesting to the ladies to know that the next fashion in hair, according to a London authority, will be to wear it in huge projecting plaits, such as the old Florentine masters used to paint.

Blacklead for Stove Polish.

A liquid black lead for polishing stoves is made by adding to each pound of black lead one gill of turpentine, one gill of water and one ounce of sugar.

To draw the taste of paint out of new wooden pails that are painted inside, fill the pail with buttermilk and soak from twenty-four to thirty-six hours.—Exchange.

If some of us old folks were to go to school to our children, I am sure, madam, it would do us a great deal of good.—Thackeray.

The lily of the valley seems to be returning to favor as a wedding ornament.

It's good to put a bother away over night. It all straightens out in the morning.

Scott's Emulsion of Pure COD LIVER OIL, WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES *For Wasting Diseases of Children.* Where the digestive powers are feeble and the ordinary food does not seem to nourish the child, this acts both as a food and a medicine, giving strength and flesh at once, and is almost as palatable as milk. Take no other.

Advice to Mothers.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. 25c. a bottle.

—TWELVE CENTS A WEEK PAYS FOR THE DAILY GAZETTE—SEND IN YOUR NAMES

MISCELLANEOUS.

E. J. GREEN,

Baby Carriages

At special bargains

New Patterns Berry Sets

Latest in the market. New styles of

Chamber Sets,

At remarkably low figures.

One Minute Coffee & Tea Pots

At just one half price and in BRITTANNIA instead of TIN.

E. J. GREEN,

23 West Milwaukee St.

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W. C. HOLMES

Is now offering bargains that no one in need of Clothes can afford to disregard.

Fine Edinburgh suitings, the correct thing for summer wear, made up in the most desirable styles, only $20,00.

The latest patterns in Checks and Plaids for $25.00.

In imported Worsteds, the finest goods to be found in the city, are being sold for $30.00, and the display of Checks, Diagonals and Plaids is remarkable.

Mr. Holmes never fails to suit customers, and to this fact he owes his success.

SLAUGHTER!

ON MONDAY MORNING, JULY 12TH,

WE OPENED THE CHEAPEST

CLEARING OUT SALE OF SUMMER GOODS!

Ever inaugurated by us. This sale is not for one or two days, but to extend until all of our Summer Goods are closed out. We will give you

UNHEARD OF BARGAINS.

In every department of Summer Goods. We will show you a line that cannot be surpassed in Southern Wisconsin. We have three or four cases of

HEAVY COTTON PLAID GOODS,

That are good all through the fall; we will close them 16 yards for $1.00. These goods have been sold for as high as 15c a yard; also five or six cases of other styles at the same price. *IN PARASOLS* we have marked them to sell, without regard to cost.

SPRING AND SUMMER WRAPS!

All the same way. Come early and secure some of the best bargains ever offered in the city.

Respectfully,

J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

NEW SHOE STORE.

I would respectfully announce to the public that I am opening a stock of

Boots & Shoes

At No. 10 West Milwaukee St., two doors west of the postoffice, and shall keep a first class line of FINE SHOES, for ladies' gentlemen, and children's wear, at

VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH ONLY

My aim will be to give the best value for your money. Strictly cash and one price to all.

All Goods Warranted as Represented

G. COGSWELL.

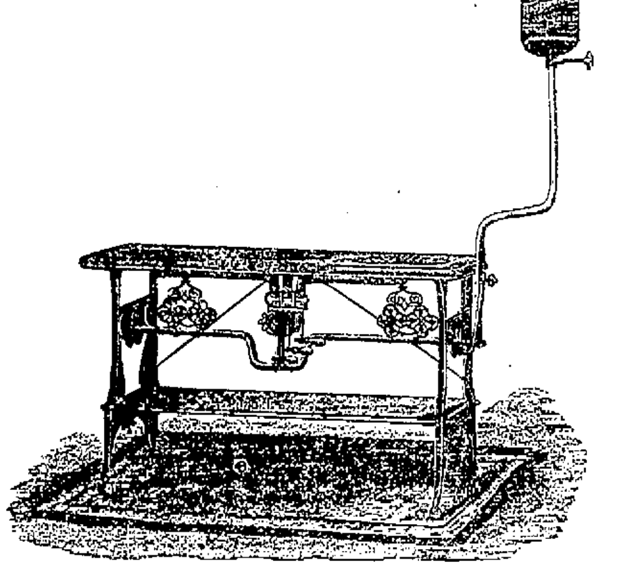
No. 10 West Milwaukee St.

FRED H. FELLOWS,

JEWELER!

EAST SIDE.

Don't Fail to Examine



At Kimball & Lowell's

Get one on trial and satisfy yourselves that we have the best. Gasoline by the gallon or barrel. Hardware of all kinds at bottom prices.

KIMBALL & LOWELL.

WHEELOCK'S CROCKERY STORE

OFFER

Dinner and Tea Sets,

And Fancy Goods at special prices to make room for fall stock. The largest stock and lowest prices. 33 Main street, Janesville, Wis.

Wall Paper!

AND

DECORATIONS!

NO CHARGE FOR TRIMMING.

Having opened a new and carefully selected stock of the above; shall be pleased to show goods and give estimates for

DECORATING,

Paper Hanging,

PAINTING, GRAINING, ETC.

Also dealer in

PAINTS, OILS & GLASS.

MIXED PAINTS IN LARGE OR SMALL QUANTITIES.

P. O. Box, 1316. **E. J. KENT,** Opposite Rink, River St.

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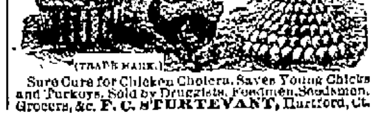
IMPERIAL EGG FOOD WILL MAKE HENS LAY.



Sure Cure for Chicken Cholera, Saves Young Chicks and Turkeys. Sold by Druggists, Feedmen, Seedsmen, Grocers, &c. F. C. STURTEVANT, Hartford, Ct.

JANESVILLE.

Thermo-Therapeutic

BATHS.

NORCROSS' BLOCK RIVER ST., JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.

Mrs. Anna B., & Mr. M. A. Norris

Proprietors.

TURKISH,

RUSSIAN,

VAPOR,

AND

Medicated Baths.

Complete in all its appointments. Strictly first class.

Hours for Treatment.

9 a. m. to 11 p. m., daily. Sundays from 9 a. m., to 1 p. m. On Mondays, Wednesdays and Friday afternoons the rooms will be Reserved for the exclusive use of Ladies from 1 to 5 o'clock.

For terms and further particulars call at office or address M. A. NORRIS, Manager.

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GASOLINE

STOVES,

Single Generator, Stationary Oven,

ALSO

KENWOOD RANGES

Round Fire Pot and Important Improvements,

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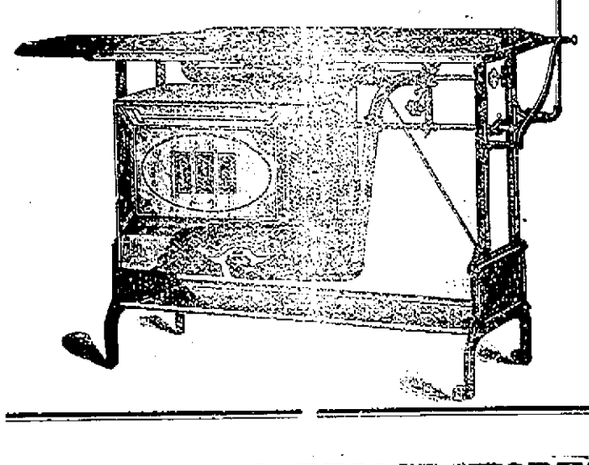
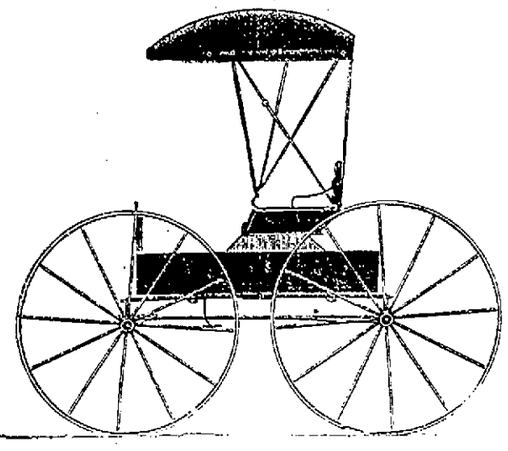


JANESVILLE CARRIAGE WORKS.



We want it distinctly understood that while we can sell the BEST work in the city, we also meet competition on cheap work. Our Prices on TOP BUGGIES range from $75 to $200, and OPEN BUGGIES in proportion. WE WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD and all our work is warranted.

BUCHHOLZ & NOWLAN.

HARDWARE

CUTLERY,

Rakes Forks, Shovels

AND

FARMING IMPLEMENTS!

In great variety and at prices to compare with the times.

FURNACES.

Sole agents for the celebrated Fuller & Warren Hot Air Furnaces. A complete line of

STOVES & RANGES

Always in stock. We have the exclusive agency of the

NEW DAVIS GASOLINE STOVE!

With Automatic Lighter. This is the only stove made with a steel flam

GASOLINE

Furnished by the gallon, also sole agents for the

Glidden Barb Wire.

Repairing, Tin Roofing and all Kinds of Tin Work

Stoves Stored at Reasonable Rates,

We carry the heaviest and most complete stock of general hardware in southern Wisconsin. Call and examine goods and prices.

JOHN GRIFFITHS, Janesville, Wis.

I SAY, FRIEND!

Can you tell me where I can find the following sound old companies?

Connecticut of Hartford.
Fremans' Fund of California,
German American of New York
Germania, of New York.
Guardian, of London England.
Hartford, of Hartford
Merchants, of Newark N. J.
Niagara, of New York.
Orient, of Hartford,
City of London.
Queen of Liverpool, England.
St. Paul F. & M. of St. P., Minn.
Union, of California.
Underwriters Agency, of N. Y
North British and Mercantile, of London, England.

I know each of them has more than

ONE MILLION OF SOLID ASSETS.

And are known for fair dealing. Yes, Sir, all of them are in the office of

MARK RIPLEY

Opposite Rock County National Bank.

THE GAZETTE.

FRIDAY, JULY 23.

PUBLISHED BY THE GAZETTE PRINTING COMPANY OF JANESVILLE, WIS. TERMS, DAILY, $6.00 PER YEAR, PAYABLE QUARTERLY. WEEKLY $1.50 PER YEAR. CASH IN ADVANCE.

NICHOLAS SMITH, PRESIDENT AND EDITOR.
H. F. BLISS, TEXAS, AND MANAGER.
WM. BLADON, SECRETARY.
JOHN G. SPENCER, CITY EDITOR

A PAYNEFUL SUBJECT

CONTINUES TO ENGROSS THE ATTENTION OF THE SENATE.

Sherman Tells Why He Thinks an Investigation Should Be Had—A Running Debate with the Black Eagle of Illinois—A Couple of Broad Hints to Payne—Capital Cullings.

WASHINGTON CITY, July 23.—Nearly the whole of Thursday was consumed by the senate in discussion on the Payne case. Teller continued his speech begun Wednesday. He declared that the charges were newspaper charges; that the newspapers, enraged by their defeat, in the defeat of Pendleton, had made the charges, although, when brought before the legislative committee, not one of them had presented a particle of evidence to sustain them. He was satisfied that there was nothing in the case.

Sherman then called Sewell to the chair and addressed the senate. He said he rose to perform the most disagreeable duty of his life. He had known his colleague for years as an honorable man, and believed him personally innocent of any wrong in this matter. He believed also that an investigation would prove his colleague entirely free from a shadow of taint. Neither did he have any sympathy for the attacks made by newspapers upon Logan, Teller and Evarts, but thought Logan had not acted wisely in noticing them. Public men should not expect better treatment from the press. But there was a profound conviction among the people of Ohio that—without the knowledge of Payne—grave frauds had been committed in his election, and the evidence before the senate was sufficient to put it upon inquiry.

He had hoped that the senator [Payne] would have demanded an investigation, but supposed his colleague had felt that while he himself was not blamed, he ought not to compel an investigation of his friends.

Logan—It is not a fact that if Mr. Payne can not be implicated (he being the only person over whom we have jurisdiction), and if other persons have violated the law, over whom we have no jurisdiction, that it is the duty of the state of Ohio, and not of the senate of the United States, to prosecute them for it.

Sherman—I intend to come to that. The controversy is whether enough members of the Ohio legislature have been corrupted to poison this election. The senator asks why we have not indicted men in Ohio if they have committed crime in these election matters. To that I reply that we have sent more men to the penitentiary for criminal offense against the elective franchise within the last two or three years than Illinois has done—and she has done nobly.

Logan—You have not sent any in this case.

Sherman—Not in this case. Where would we find a bill of indictment?

Logan—The senator asks where the indictments should be found. I will tell him. In Columbus, the capital of the state of Ohio, where it is charged that certain persons committed offenses of this kind. Indictments should be found by the grand jury there and the courts there can try these men and convict them if they have been guilty of these offenses.

Sherman—Would my friend say that this senate can not investigate charges against a member of the body unless the person accused had first been convicted before a jury of twelve men?

Logan—No; that is not the point. The senator can not get away from the point in that manner. You say that your colleague is not guilty (over whom we have jurisdiction), but that others are guilty (over whom we have no jurisdiction). If so, it is the duty of your state to indict, prosecute, and punish them.

Sherman—The constitution of the United States, to which we have all sworn allegiance, declares that the senate shall be the judge of the election of its own members.

Logan—Certainly.

Sherman—When a great state of 3,000,000 of people comes here through its organs and asserts its belief that the election of a United States senator has been tainted with fraud and corruption, it will not do for the senate, or for a member of the committee on privileges and elections to say, "We do not believe that you have shown evidence enough. You have not convicted the rascals who participated in this offense." My friend from Illinois complained of injustice. Well, I think that injustice was done him. I sympathize with him heartily. I would like to quote some papers to show that other injustice was done. What was the necessity of the senator from Illinois showing that Halstead—

Logan (interrupting)—Why does the senator quote these papers in order to get an investigation? If he say that I ought not to have quoted newspapers here, I reply to him that it is on the resolutions of these newspapers that he now bases his argument, or part of it.

Sherman—I have not yet quoted from newspapers. When I do, the senator may say so. I have quoted the opinions of editors of newspapers who met together and passed resolutions expressing their opinions in this matter.

Logan—Exactly.

Sherman—Is not that opinion worth something?

Logan—Nobody denies it. But if the senator criticises me for quoting newspapers, the same criticism applies to him.

Sherman—I do not criticise him. I think that injustice was done to him by Murat Halstead, but he has attacked everybody. He has attacked Grant, and he has attacked the senator from Illinois and myself. But is it the petition of Murat Halstead that the senate is asked to act upon? No, sir. It is the petition of sixty-eight of the leading newspaper editors of Ohio, nearly every one of whom is a warm friend to the senator from Illinois.

Logan—I have no complaint to make about those editors and have not made any complaint about them. But it is a mere request by these men. They do not furnish any evidence. They do not give the name of any man who knows anything on the subject. They do not present any facts, but merely request that the senate shall do something.

Sherman—I have merely presented it to show that this is not a narrow feeling easily smothered, and that the refusal to investigate will not extinguish it. It must have been a very strong feeling that induced Gen. Kennedy, one of the bravest and truest soldiers of the war, to write that letter to the senator from Illinois (which was read yesterday)—his comrade and friend. It must have been a strong feeling that would induce Gen. Kennedy, the lieutenant governor of Ohio, a man of character and conscience and honor and courage, to state these things to his fellow-soldier and friend. That is an evidence of the strong feeling that prevails.

Sherman went on to say that it was a case in which half the population of a great state was moved with the fear that the ballot had been corrupted, and replying to a remark of Teller, added that the senate could never be so high that the petition of the humblest citizen should not be received with respect. He then spoke of Logan as fearing that he was going to read newspaper extracts.

Logan (interrupting)—I want the senator to keep within proper bounds. Why does he say that I "fear" he would read newspaper extracts? What right has he to say that? He can read the Bible if he wants to. If he has ever read the Bible he may read it again.

Sherman—That is very stale wit.

Logan—I know it is. But it is the only kind of wit that suits the occasion.

Sherman—I was justified in making the remark I did, but I suppose that my friend probably thought I was going to read all the newspaper extracts.

Logan—Your can read them if you want to. I have no objection.

Sherman—I know I can, without asking the senator's consent. But I do not propose to read them. They are here in this public document—and are not one-half of the utterances made by the Democratic newspapers after the election.

Sherman then said he had a letter from Allen G. Thurman. "He was asked" said Sherman, "his opinion by the editor of The Times, and he stepped to the table, called for paper, and wrote a note in which he uses these words: 'I have nothing against either of the candidates. My personal relations with each of them have been always friendly and pleasant. But there is something that shocks me in the idea of men like Pendleton and Ward being defeated by the combination against them of personal hatred and overgrown wealth.'"

Continuing Sherman said he could name half a dozen men, who, if brought before a senate committee, could settle the matter for good, and proceeded: "This is no party attack. We have no desire to see our Democratic friends tainted with anything wrong, because I know that most of the Democrats of Ohio are as honest and true and faithful to the obligations of honor and duty as any other portion of the people of the United States. All that can be reasonably asked by my colleague is an opportunity by which these men whose names are here can be brought here to testify."

In conclusion, Sherman said, "I have now performed a duty to my state, and especially to the party that I represent here. All that I can say to you * * * is that we believe (and mainly on statements made by Democratic editors and Democratic citizens) there has been fraud and corruption in the election of my colleague. That is the belief generally held in the state of Ohio, and we ask you to make such inquiry as will satisfy your conscience whether that charge is true or false. If it is true, you alone are judges. If it is false, you can not punish the men who started these outrages, but you can vindicate the men who have been unjustly accused. In any view that I can take of it, I believe that it is the duty of the senate of the United States * * * not to leave this matter in its present condition * * * but that you should have a fair, full and judicial investigation into the merits of the accusation. If the charges are false, stamps those men with the brand of ignominy. If they are true, deal with the facts proven as you shall think just and right."

Frye declared that if the senate neglected to investigate this matter it was the senate that required vindication. The question was not whether Payne was guilty of a crime against the ballot, but whether it was the duty of the senate to make an inquiry. The belief that corruption had elected the senator was held by all the Republican newspapers of Ohio and half of the Democratic papers. He read the testimony to show that bribery had been used, but admitted that it did not in the least implicate Senator Payne. There was abundant testimony, however, to put the senate on the inquiry. Before the senatorial caucus in Ohio, he said, Pendleton had a majority of the Democratic legislators, but then the Standard Oil company had appeared upon the scene and a change had come to such an extent that Pendleton only got fifteen votes.

A colloquy ensued respecting testimony taken by the Ohio committee, and Logan asked Frye if he did not know that Mr. McLean offered to go before the committee to testify.

Frye remarked "For heaven's sake what is the use of thrusting that committee's derelictions in my face! They are not on trial."

Logan—It is on their testimony that we are asked here to act. If they have failed, that is not my business. Logan continued that McLean offered in a letter to the chairman of the committee to testify at a certain time, and the committee declined to have him by saying that if they wanted him they would let him know. They never let him know.

Frye insisted that Mr. Oliver H. Payne, Mr. McLean, Mr. Thompson, Mr. Huntington, Mr. Page, and every other agent of the Standard Oil company who was there should come before a committee of the United States senate, and under oath tell whether or not they h- purchased this seat in the senate. Frye knew the senator from Ohio, served with him in the house of representatives, and believed him to be a man of the strictest integrity. The only thing that had ever shaken his confidence in the senator from Ohio was that under that perfect storm of testimony, of assertion, of resolutions by legislatures, conventions, committees, and Democratic newspapers, he could content himself to sit in the United States senate and not demand, forthwith, an investigation, which should show to the world that his skirts were clear from all this foul stuff. The result of that investigation, he hoped, would relieve the senator from Ohio. If it did not, and if the senate was compelled to declare the seat vacant, it would have done the best deed for the republic that had been done for a half century.

TALK CONSUMES A DAY.

Both Houses of Congress Spend a Day in Debate.

WASHINGTON CITY, July 23.—The senate Thursday passed bills to pay each of the enlisted men of the Greely expedition $703 in lieu of commutation, and granting to Sarah E. Norton, volunteer nurse during the war, a pension of $25 per month; also fourteen other pension bills, including one of $30 per month to the wife of Sergt. Plunkett, of Massachusetts. The conference report on the naval appropriation bill was agreed to, and the Payne debate resumed, Teller concluding his speech. He was followed by Sherman, who urged with great earnestness that an investigation be held, which he believed would entirely exculpate Payne. Frye argued on the same side, and both expressed regret that Payne had not demanded an investigation. It was arranged that a vote on the question should be taken Friday, after which the senate adjourned.

The oleomargarine bill came up in the house on Hatch reporting it back as a matter of privilege. This was antagonized, Dunn making the point of order that the bill was not a privileged question, and the point was sustained. Committees were then called for reports, and soon the oleo bill was reached in the regular order on a report that the senate amendments be not concurred in. The bill was referred to committee of the whole, and went to the foot of the calendar, and to reach it the revenue bills had to be laid aside. In order to do this the house went into committee, and on the Morrison tariff bill being reached, Morrison asked that it be laid aside when the tactics of the opponents of the oleo bill were developed. Dunham objected, the objection had to be reported to the house, where the bill was laid aside, and the committee of the whole resumed its session. The next revenue bill was the notice of the termination of the Hawaiian treaty. Dunham demanded its reading and then objected to laying it aside. In this way each bill was objected to, and time was consumed until 4:30 p. m., when the bill regulating the the manufacture of vinegar from grain was reached. This bill the friends of the oleo bill debated, so that it should be unfinished business at adjournment, and a humorous discussion was kept up until 5 p. m., when the house adjourned, the vinegar bill being pending.

A Request for Information.

WASHINGTON CITY, July 23.—Edmunds offered a resolution in the senate Thursday, which was adopted, calling on the civil service commissioners for a copy of the civil service rules and regulations, both general and special, as they were in force March 4, 1885; also copies of all changes and modifications thereof, both general and special, made since that date; also copies of all special or general orders made by any authority in reference thereto, and the action thereunder since that date; also all information in their possession touching alleged or supposed violations of such rules and regulations.

"Alleged" Is a Good Word.

WASHINGTON CITY, July 23.—The house committee on judiciary Thursday took up the resolution of Henley of California, making direct charges of violations of the law against the Union Pacific Railroad company in the issuance of stock, returns of business to the government, etc, amended it by inserting the word "alleged" before the charges, and agreed to it.

Death of an Old Official.

WASHINGTON CITY, July 23.—Hon. William Hunter, second assistant secretary of state, died at his residence here Thursday night of old age and general debility. Mr. Hunter was 81 years old, and has served continuously in the department of state for fifty-three years, having been appointed by President Andrew Jackson.

New Banks Authorized.

WASHINGTON CITY, July 23.—The following national banks have been authorized to begin business: First National bank of Nephi, Utah, capital $50,000; Southern California National bank, of Los Angeles, Cal., capital $100,000; and the Silver City National bank, of Silver City, N. M., capital $50,000.

The Well-LaAbra Claims.

WASHINGTON CITY, July 23.—The foreign affairs committee of the house, Thursday morning, agreed to report adversely to reopening the LaAbra claim, and in favor of reopening the Well claim against the government of Mexico. Gen. Singleton will present the former report and Mr. Belmont the latter.

Indian Commissioner Atkins Explains.

WASHINGTON CITY, July 23.—Indian Commissioner Atkins Thursday appeared before the special committee investigating alleged irregularities in appointment of post traders, and explained various matters tending to show that he had done nothing wrong in the matter.

NEW ENGLAND OUTRAGED.

Certain of Her Fishermen Branded as Pirates and Thieves.

PORTLAND, Me., July 23.—The feeling in favor of private retaliation if the government fails to grant public retaliatory measures is increasing. Thursday the following hand-bill was posted up throughout the city:

"Pirates and thieves. Owners and fishermen of New England, attention! What they think of us."

"The Halifax Herald speaks of us as follows: 'But fishing vessels of Gloucester and thereabouts owned by pirates and manned by thieves we neither love nor respect, and against them we believe in enforcing any and every law that it is in our power to enforce.'

"Govern yourselves accordingly."

The Racing Circuit.

CHICAGO, July 23.—Five races were run and won at Washington park course Thursday as follows: Billy Gilmore ¾ mile, Kaloolah 1⅛ miles, Laredo ¾ mile, Cuban Queen 1 mile, Jim Carlisle steeplechase, short course.

NEW YORK, July 23.—Monmouth park races Thursday showed the following winners: Favor 1⅛ miles, Austrian 1⅛ miles, Dry Monopole 1 mile, Ernest 1⅛ miles, Mammonist 1⅛ miles over five hurdles.

DETROIT, July 23.—The 2:23 unfinished trot was won, Thursday, by Hilton, Orange Boy second, Longfellow Whip third; best time, 2:20¼. The 2:30 gentleman's race for $5,000 was won in three straight heats by Wilton, Palo Alto second, Reference third; best time, 2:20¼. William got fourth money also, the other horses being distanced. Harry Wilkes won the free-for-all in three straight heats, Clemmie G. second, Phyllis third; time, 2:15¾. In the 2:10 trot Felix took first and third heats in 2:19¾ and 2:20, Prince Arthur second in 2:18¾, and Mambrino Sparkle in fourth and fifth in 2:19¼ and 2:20. Unfinished.

Piling Up the Injury.

NEW YORK, July 23.—The elopement of Mrs. Bradford Clarke, a granddaughter of rich old Jacob Lorillard, with a young man named Fehr, a clerk in the New York cotton exchange, has caused a tremendous sensation in Belleville, N. J., where the Clarkes resided. The husband of the lady is serenely unconcerned over her escapade. He intimates that he is glad to get rid of her, but he wants his children, whom the mother took with her. He wrote to Fehr, telling him to keep his wife, but he wanted his children. He got a reply Wednesday morning, Fehr saying he would keep the wife and also the children, as he believed they were his, anyhow.

Doesn't Pay to Overwork Men.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., July 23.—Two freight trains on the Chesapeake & Ohio railroad collided here Thursday morning at 1 o'clock. Engineer Fox barely escaped with his life. He was found beneath a part of a box-car and a car-load of lumber. His recovery is doubtful. Fireman McDaniels jumped in time to save himself. The collision was caused by neglect, through overwork, of the engineer and fireman, all having done double work with little sleep for five days.

Must Give Up Beer or the Boycott.

PHILADELPHIA, July 23.—The Philadelphia Lager-Beer Brewer's association decided Thursday to support Mr. Ebret, of New York, in his fight with boycotters, and say that they will not sell beer to any of the boycotters to be shipped to New York or to Ebret's customers direct.

A Celebrated Basso Dead.

BERLIN, July 23.—Herr Scaria, the eminent basso who sang at the last Wagnerian festival at Bayreuth, and twice visited America with German opera companies, is dead.

Somebody Been Lying on Them.

PORTLAND, Ore., July 23.—Brig. Gen. Gibbons officially denies the report of Indian outrages in the Calispel country.

What England Has Done for India.

M. Remenyi, the celebrated violinist, has been traveling in India, playing the part of a political observer as well as musician, and he sums up his deductions from what he has seen as follows in The Madras Mail: "Englishmen ought to be more proud of having been able to govern India's vast population than of anything else. No other nation on earth could have undertaken such a great task with such glorious results. Don't misunderstand me. I do not mean to say that England's rule in India is perfection—far from it; but it is the best possible under the million of difficulties which must have obstructed the path of the English; and I repeat it again, and with emphasis, that Englishmen ought to congratulate themselves on the happy result of their government of glorious, grand old India, for, through her colonizing genius, England has done more good to humanity than thousands of visionary utopists and politicasters."—New York Tribune.

The Statue on Bedloe's Island.

The work on the iron structure that is to support the Goddess of Liberty on Bedloe's island has progressed far enough to enable people to form some idea of the size of the statue. I am sorry to say it, but a first view, as well as any view from a distance, is likely to be disappointing to those who form their ideas of it from the figures representing its size on the chromos distributed by the committee in charge of it. People who ride up and down the bay are already beginning to say that it will appear to be insignificant in size as compared with what they had expected. There is nothing around it by which the eye may be aided in comprehending its size, except an occasional ship or schooner at anchor, and the masts of these vessels, especially if the vessel be between the spectator and the pedestal, make the disappointment all the keener.—Cor. Brooklyn Eagle.

Ingenuity of the Gallic Etymologist.

Already the ingenious French etymologist is at his wicked trade in the matter of the derivation of newly invented telephonic language. The phrase "hullo," now generally in use as the most effective mode of summoning a listener over the wire, has been corrupted in French into "allo", whereupon the ingenious Gallic etymologist has suddenly suggested that "allo" is really a form of "allons." This is corruption worse corrupted.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Surest Tranquilizer of the Nerves.

The surest tranquilizer of the nerves is a medicine which remedies their supersensitiveness by invigorating them. Over tension of the nerves always weakens them. What they need then, is a tonic, not a sedative. The latter is only useful when there is intense mental excitement and an immediate necessity exists for producing quietude of the brain. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters restores tranquility of the nerves by endowing them with the vigor requisite to bear, without being jarred or disturbed unhealthfully, the ordinary impressions produced through the media of sight, hearing and reflection. Nay, it does more than this—it enables them to sustain a degree of tension from mental application which they would be totally unable to endure without its assistance. Such at least, is the irresistible conclusion to be drawn from the testimony of business and professional men, litterateurs, clergymen and others who have tested the fortifying and reparative influence of this celebrated tonic and nervine

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Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. SOLD ONLY IN CANS. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 100 Wall Street, New York

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PEARLINE

THE BEST THING KNOWN FOR

Washing and Bleaching

In Hard or Soft, Hot or Cold Water.

SAVES LABOR, TIME and SOAP AMAZINGLY, and gives universal satisfaction. No family, rich or poor, should be without it.

Sold by all Grocers. BEWARE of imitations well designed to mislead. PEARLINE is the only SAFE labor saving compound, and has always been the above symbol, and name of JAMES PYLE, NEW YORK.

BARGAINS!

In all Departments.

IMMENSE REDUCTIONS!

ON

Summer Goods

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COME AND SEE US

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Stockholders' Meeting!

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Merchants and Mechanics Savings Bank will be held at the office of the bank, Tuesday, July 28, 1885, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., for the election of officers and the transaction of other business.

HENRY PALMER, Pres.
W. S. JEFFRIS, Cashier.
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And the maxim holds good when Insuring your property. GET THE BEST, and it can be had at the

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Next door east of the Rock County National Bank, 1st floor, representing the following line of the old staunch leading companies, that have stood the test in all the great conflagrations of the past fifty years, viz.:

The Old Time Tried and Fire Tested Phœnix, of Hartford
" " *Ætna Ins. Co. Hartford.*
" " *Continental Insurance Company, N. Y.*
" " *Insurance Co. of North America.*
" " *Liverpool and London and Globe of England.*
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" " *Royal Insurance Co., Liverpool,*

And many others of undoubted strength.

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Thanking the public for past favors I shall try and merit the same in the future.

SILAS HAYNER, Agent.

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Merchant Tailors have come and gone and still

J. L. FORD!

Holds forth at the old stand (10 West Milwaukee St.) He continues to get up the Newest, Nobbiest and most Stylish Garments of any house in the city.

CALL AND SEE JOLLY JOE.

A full line of the

Latest Styles in Hats, Caps and Gents' FURNISHING GOODS.

Just received, notwithstanding the great railroad strikes and High water in Rock river, PRICES TO SUIT HARD TIMES.

20 YEARS'

DEVOTED TO THE TREATMENT OF CHRONIC DISEASES.

This long experience with thousands of patients enables me to cure every curable case. Those afflicted with Lung or Throat Disease, Heart, Liver or Kidney Disease, Nervous Prostration, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Debility, Youthful Indiscretions, male and female, Cancers, Old Sores Tumors, or any Chronic Ailment, are invited to call and examine my record of CASES CURED when hope of a cure had been ABANDONED.

Candid in my examinations, reasonable in my charges, and never encourage without a surety of success.

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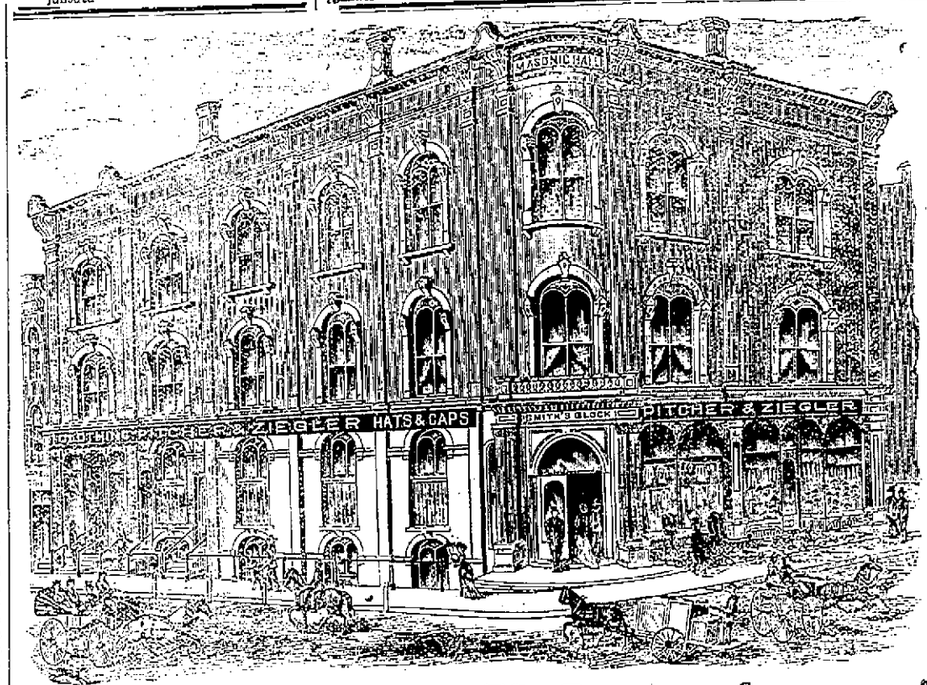
Laboratory, EVANSTON, ILL.

Respectfully yours, F. B. Brewer

At Janesville, Wis., Myers house, on Saturday, the 28th of August. Address all letters to Dr. F. B. Brewer.



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August 19th, but before that date we propose to close out our entire stock of

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THESE GOODS MUST BE SOLD

To make room for our fall and winter stock.

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Tickets only $5. Shares in proportion

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"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Quarterly Drawings of The Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate with fac-similes of our signatures attached, in its advertisements."

[signatures]

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Pres. Louisiana National Bank.
J. W. KILBRETH,
Pres. State National Bank.
A. BALDWIN,
Pres. New Orleans National Bank.

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By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution adopted December 2d, A. D., 1879.

The only Lottery ever voted on and endorsed by the people of any State.

It never scales or postpones.

Its Grand Single Number Drawings take place monthly, and the Extraordinary Drawings regularly every three months, instead of Semi Annually as heretofore.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FORTUNE. EIGHTH GRAND DRAWING, CLASS H, IN THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC, NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY, August 10, 1886—195th Monthly Drawing.

Capital Prize, $75,000.
100,000 Tickets at Five Dollars Each Fractions, in Fifths in proportion.

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1	CAPITAL PRIZE		$75,000
1	do	do	25,000
1	do	do	10,000
2	PRIZES OF $6,000		12,000
5	do	2,000	10,000
10	do	1,000	10,000
20	do	500	10,000
100	do	200	20,000
300	do	100	30,000
500	do	50	25,000
1,000	do	25	25,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

9	Approximation Prizes of	$750	$6,750
9	do do	500	4,500
9	do do	250	2,250

1,967 Prizes, amounting to $265,500

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For sale, one of the best farms in Rock County, containing 237 acres, all excellent plough land, naturally very rich, fertile soil, under a high state of cultivation; good for tobacco, hay or any kind of farm crops, and is also an excellent stock farm. So situated as to be convenient to the best schools, churches and markets.

140 acres, seven miles from city of Janesville, good land, about 50 acres good timber. Improvements have cost $4,000, all for the small sum of $5,800; on easy terms.

150 acres, fine farm, eight miles from city, good improvements, for $50 per acre.

160 acres, six miles from city, upon which there is a large stone basement barn, tobacco barn and three houses, about 30 acres of timber, for $50 per acre.

80 acres, six miles from city, good improvements $40 per acre.

80 acres splendid and 1½ miles from city at 60 per acre.

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ESTIMATES For NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING at Lowest Cash Rates FREE
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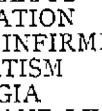
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS
WILL CURE
HEADACHE
INDIGESTION
BILIOUSNESS
DYSPEPSIA
NERVOUS PROSTRATION
MALARIA
CHILLS AND FEVERS
TIRED FEELING
GENERAL DEBILITY
PAIN IN THE BACK & SIDES
IMPURE BLOOD
CONSTIPATION
FEMALE INFIRMITIES
RHEUMATISM
NEURALGIA
KIDNEY AND LIVER TROUBLES
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS
The Genuine has Trade Mark and crossed Red Lines on wrapper.
TAKE NO OTHER.

FOR DYSPEPSIA.
Mental and Physical Exhaustion, Nervousness, Weakened Energy,
INDIGESTION, ETC.



Horsford's
ACID PHOSPHATE.

A liquid preparation of the phosphates and phosphoric acid.

Recommended by physicians.

It makes a delicious drink.

Invigorating and strengthening. Pamphlet free.

For sale by all dealers.

Rumford Chemical Works, Providence, R. I.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.
july16dcodawly

SCOTT'S
EMULSION
OF PURE COD LIVER OIL,
And Hypophosphites of Lime & Soda

Almost as Palatable as Milk.

The only preparation of COD LIVER OIL that can be taken readily and tolerated for a long time by delicate stomachs.

AND AS A REMEDY FOR CONSUMPTION, SCROFULOUS AFFECTIONS, ANAEMIA, GENERAL DEBILITY, COUGHS AND THROAT AFFECTIONS, and all WASTING DISORDERS OF CHILDREN it is marvellous in its results.

Prescribed and endorsed by the best Physicians in the countries of the world.

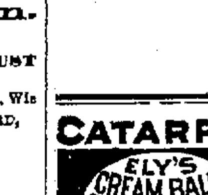
For Sale by all Druggists.

Send for Pamphlet on Wasting Diseases. Address, SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

GRAEFENBERG PILLS

For Headache, Biliousness, Liver Complaints, Indigestion. Mild but effective. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

CATARRH



HAY-FEVER

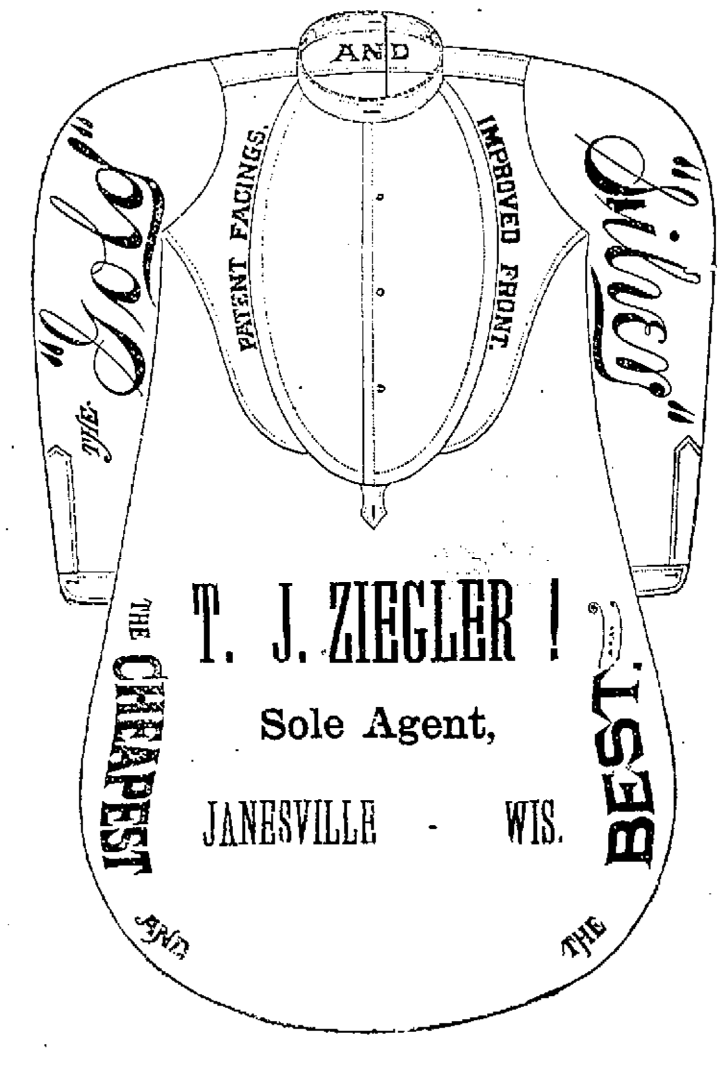
ELY'S CREAM BALM

Gives relief at once and cures.

Cold in Head, CATARRH, HAY FEVER!

Not a Liquid, Snuff or Powder. Free from Injurious Drugs and Offensive odors.

A particle is applied into the nostrils and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists, by mail registered, 60 cts. Circulars free.
ELY BROTHERS, Druggists, Owego, N. Y.
sd7deodawly



THE GAZETTE.

FRIDAY JULY 23.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

Chicago & Northwestern.
Trains at Janesville Station
—DEPART—

For Chicago*	7:00 A M
For Chicago*	12:35 P M
For Beloit*	6:25 A M
For Beloit*	7:00 P M
For Beloit, Rockford and Chicago	2:30 P M
For Beloit and Chicago	1:45 A M
For Madison, Winona and Dakota points	12:30 A M
For Madison, St. Paul Winona and Dakota points*	1:45 A M
For Winona and Dakota points	12:30 P M
For Beloit Rockford and Chicago	8:40 A M
For Madison and St. Paul "limited"	10:05 P M
For Watertown, Oshkosh and Green Bay*	1:20 P M
For Milwaukee*	1:20 P M
For Milwaukee*	4:15 P M
For Watertown, Oshkosh and Green Bay*	8:45 P M
For Madison and St. Paul	6:02 P M

—ARRIVE—

From Beloit*	8:25 A M
From Beloit*	9:07 P M
From Beloit, Rockford and Chicago	1:15 P M
From Beloit, Rockford and Chicago	6:15 P M
From Beloit and Chicago*	1:15 A M
From Beloit and Chicago	2:35 A M
From Beloit and Chicago (limited)	10:30 P M
From Green Bay, Watertown and Oshkosh*	12:30 P M
From Green Bay, Watertown and Oshkosh*	6:55 A M
From Chicago*	8:35 P M
From Madison, and Winona	3:15 P M
From Madison and St. Paul	9:25 A M
From Madison and Winona	2:35 A M

*Daily except Sunday. All other trains run daily.

C. A. POTTER, Agent, Janesville Wis
M. HUGHITT, Gen'l. Supt.
W. H. STENNETT,
General Passenger Agent.

Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul.
TRAINS LEAVE.

For Chicago and Milwaukee	9:50 A M / 12:30 P M
For Madison and Portage	10:40 A M
For Madison, Prairie du Chien and West	4:45 P M
For Beloit, Rockford and Rock Island	9:45 A M
For Chicago, Council Bluffs and West	12:10 P M
For Beloit and Rockford	6:00 P M
For Racine, Rock Island and West	6:00 P M
For Monroe, Mineral Point, Platteville and Shullsburg (freight and passenger)	9:40 A M
For Platteville and Shullsburg (mail)	5:55 P M
For Monroe (freight and passenger)	9:45 P M

TRAINS ARRIVE.

From Milwaukee and Chicago	5:55 P M / 6:50 P M
From St. Paul, Madison and Portage	6:40 A M / 1:20 P M
From Chicago, Rockford and Beloit. From Rock Island, St. Louis & West.	9:30 A M
From Chicago, Council Bluffs and Southwest	4:44 P M
From Platteville, Mineral Point, Darlington and Monroe	9:30 P M
From Mineral Point & Monroe, (mixed)	5:30 P M

T. T. CROFT Agent,
A. V. H. CARPENTER, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Hay Fever and Rose Cold

are attended by an inflamed condition of the lining membrane of the nostrils, tear ducts and throat, affecting the lungs. An acrid mucus is secreted, the discharge is accompanied with a burning sensation. There are severe spasms of sneezing, frequent attacks of headache, watery and inflamed eyes. Ely's Cream Balm is a remedy that can be depended upon. 50 cents at druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cents. Ely Brothers, druggists, Owego, N. Y.

To make clothes sweet and clean wash them with Fairbank's Soap. At your grocer's.

WOMAN AND HOME.

HELPFUL WORDS FOR THE OVER-WORKED HOUSEMOTHER.

A Good Deed Well Done—Plea for Society Girls—Go West—Danger in the Nursery—Stage Struck—Fire-Proof in Wool—The Hands—Items.

I have a little story to tell you, boys, the old doctor said to the young people the other evening. "One day—a long, hot day it had been, too—I met my father on the road into town.

"I wish you would take this package to the village for me, Jim," he said, hesitating.

Now, I was a boy of 12, not fond of work, and was just out of the hayfield, where I had been at work since daybreak. I was tired, dusty and hungry. It was two miles into town.

My first impulse was to refuse, and harshly, for I was vexed that he should ask me after my long day's work. If I did refuse, he would go himself. He was a gentle, patient old man. But something stopped me; one of God's good angels, I think.

"Of course, father, I'll take it," I said, heartily, giving my scythe to one of the men. He gave me the package.

"Thank you, Jim," he said, "I was going myself, but somehow I don't feel very strong to-day."

He walked with me to the road that turned off to town, and as he left put his hand on my arm, saying again, "Thank you, my son. You've always been a good boy to me, Jim."

I hurried into town and back again. When I came near the house I saw a crowd of farm-hands at the door. One of them spoke to me, the tears rolling down his face.

"Your father!" he said. "He fell dead just as he reached the house. The last words he spoke, were to you."

I'm an old man now, but I have thanked God over and over again in all the years that have passed since, that those last words he spoke were, "You've always been a good boy to me."

No human being ever yet was sorry for love or kindness shown to others. Do not begrudge loving deeds and kind words, especially to those who gather with you about the same hearth. In many families a habit of nagging, crossness, or ill-natured gibing, gradually covers the real feeling of love that lies deep beneath.

And after all it is such a little way that we can go together!—Exchange.

Good Deed Well Done.

A Pitsburg divine on a recent Sunday narrated the following incident of the Ohio flood: Two years ago there existed a small settlement of people on the banks of the Ohio, in the state of Indiana, who were notorious for their criminal thriftlessness. They were idle, drunken, profane, and regarded by all who knew them as beyond redemption. The great flood of 1884 carried off all that these people possessed in the way of food, clothing, and household goods. The various relief parties passed them by without affording them any help, pronouncing them too utterly worthless to waste anything upon. Along in the summer a detachment of the Red Cross army, under direction of that noble woman, Clara Barton, came by, and learning something about the character and condition of these people, she invited them to meet her in the cabin of her boat, she being at that time prostrated with sickness. About thirty of them—which constituted all the grown people—accepted the invitation. For two hours she talked to them kindly and discreetly, counselling them for their highest good.

It was a new experience in the lives of those abandoned people. Before leaving them Miss Barton entered into a contract to pay them interest on all money saved by them at the end of the year. She also supplied them with such necessaries as were required for their immediate wants, and in addition paid them for the time consumed in making this visit. From that time she has continued her interest in this little settlement, which is known as the "Big Six." A letter received from Miss Barton recently gives me the sequel. At the end of the year they had paid off all their debts, given up gaming, drinking and profanity. A gentleman who resides near by them writes that they are industrious and thrifty, they raise large crops, keep their store bills paid up, mingle in good society, send their children to school and that all of them have become members of church. With a case like this before us it would be cruelly sinful to despair of the reformation of any, however hopeless and abject their condition might seem to us.—Exchange.

Go West, Young Lady, Go West!

It is marvelous that so many young women will consent to spend the best part of their lives behind a counter or in an office in an overcrowded city like New York when all of the far west is open to them, where they can with a little industry and energy make not only a comfortable home for themselves, but sometimes fortunes as well. Traveling in any part of the west one meets eastern women who have gone there and settled either upon government lands which they have taken up and which they have converted into cattle or sheep ranches, or in the towns and villages where they are making money fast with their knowledge of music or art. A highly educated woman from Boston went to the Pacific coast a few years ago and planted a prune orchard, which has proved as remunerative as an orange grove in the south and has made its owner independently rich.

The daughter of a New York lawyer and a graduate from the Cooper Art school went to Montana some time ago with no more money in her purse than her railroad fare and a few weeks' board, and from the first supported herself handsomely with her brush. Others have been equally successful in other ways, and there is scarcely a case known where an energetic woman has not succeeded. Added to the advantages offered for money-making is the health-giving climate which would put new life into the pale faces of city girls in a week. Let them take Mr. Greeley's advice to young men and leave their cheap boarding-houses and early graves and go west to the land of promise and plenty.—New York World.

In Defense of Society Girls.

One word of justice in defense of our society girls: Many of them, like singed cats, "are better than they look," or rather, than they seem. They are not wholly responsible for what they are, for they are creatures of circumstance; and it is no fault of theirs if they have been cast in the fashionable, frivolous, worldly mold. All they lack is opportunity and necessity to become desirable candidates for better-halves of men. It is my opinion, however, that the average woman is the "better half" of creation to begin with. The great Creator made a man first as an experiment, and found that he could make a great improvement, so made woman, and she has been man's "better half" ever since. Girls who are truly sweet and lovable are not always seen at their best in society, and are wronged, misjudged and misunderstood.

Woman's weakness consists in a desire beyond her good judgment to please man, and if the society girl poses under a mask of affectation, and shews only the artificially cultured side of her nature, assumed simply to gratify man, why blame her training? And if the mask be pleasing, perhaps the genuine, if sought, might also prove to be charming. Many a society girl, I doubt not, is "weighed in the balance and found wanting," yet there are those who are earnest, thoughtful and practical and capable of making good wives, mothers and useful members of society if the opportunity were presented.—Cor. Globe-Democrat.

Danger in the Nursing Bottle.

In the baby department of the day nurseries, established in this city, all nursing appears to be done by the bottle. This is just the reverse of the practice in the French creches, in which mothers that are able to nurse their infants are required to do so, on the principle tested by medical experience that the mode of nourishment which nature has provided is far the better one. In cases where the use of the biberon (bottle) is unavoidable it must have no India rubber tube. In 1882 the academy of medicine in Paris, alarmed at the frightful mortality among infants brought up on the bottle, appointed a committee to examine into and report on the subject.

This committee, after careful study and a very minute and varied investigation of facts and of experiments connected therewith, reported that the biberon should each time after use be taken apart, cleaned, rubbed, and put in boiling water for a few minutes, because if these precautions be neglected there grows in it a microscopic fungus, which multiplies after it has got into the child's stomach and causes death. Dr. Masson (d'Ardres) the attended physician at the creche of St. Louis d'Antin was so fully convinced of the conclusions arrived at by the committee that he urged upon the lady managers not to permit the use of biberons at all, and where breast milk could not be had, or not in sufficient quantity, to use either cows', goats' or asses' milk, not boiled, and have it given out of a glass tumbler.—New York Sun.

People Are Fire-Proof in Wool.

A correspondent signing himself "Fire-Proof" writes: "Blazing petticoats" have again ended a young life in unutterable torture, and have inflicted not inferior mental agony on those to whom the victim was dear. You opportunely quote the excellent advice of The Kolnische Zeitung—excellent, that is if the poor flaming creatures have presence of mind to follow it. But intense terror deprives most natures of reason, having only instinct, and instinct urges flight in agonized quest for help, which usually comes too late. Is not this, above all others, the case where prevention is better than cure, and prevention would be so easy! Dr. Jager, in his "Essays on Health Culture and the Sanitary Woolen System," says:

"The great difference in this respect between woolen and vegetable fiber is worth noticing. Cases often occur in which the hair catches fire, but it never burns down to the skin, as would certainly happen with vegetable fiber. If a piece of linen or cotton be held over a lighted candle, as soon as it ignites it burns away with a clear flame until nothing remains but the ash. If a similar experiment be made with woolen material a considerable time will be required before it will ignite at all, and then the flame is extinguished as soon as the material is removed from the lighted candle. Thus people are fire-proof in wool—that is, their clothing or bedding can not catch fire; while, when clothed in woven material of vegetable fiber, they are practically torches ready for the lighting."—Exchange.

Proper Care of the Hands.

There are not nearly as many secrets in hand treatment as people imagine. A little ammonia or borax in the water you wash your hands with, and that water just lukewarm, will keep the skin clean and soft. A little oatmeal mixed with the water will whiten the hands. Many people use glycerine on their hands when they go to bed, wearing gloves to keep the bedding clean; but glycerine does not agree with every one. It makes some skins harsh and red. These people should rub their hands with dry oatmeal and wear gloves in bed.

The best prepation for the hands at night is white of an egg with a grain of alum dissolved in it. Quacks have a fancy name for it, but all can make it; spread it over their hands, the job is done. They also make the Roman toilet paste. It is merely white of egg, barley flour, and honey. They say it was used by the Romans in olden time. Any way, it is a first-rate thing; but it is a sticky sort of stuff to use, and does not do the work any better than oatmeal. The roughest and hardest hands can be made soft and white in a month's time by doctoring them a little at bed time, and all the tools you need are a nail brush, a bottle of ammonia, a box of powdered borax, and a little fine white sand to rub the stains off, or a cut of lemon, which will do even better, for the acid of the lemon will clean anything.—Scientific American.

Dream of a Stage-Struck Wife.

Let us suppose that the wife has realized her intentions. Her husband has permitted her to go upon the stage and make a great name. He has to find her clothes to make her start in. The dawning of ambition in her robs the house of most of its content. She paces before the looking-glass and rolls her eyes. She dreams nonsense, and loves gabble. In a little while, insensibly, her talk has turned from art to salary. Along toward midnight, when she was ordinarily in bed with her babies, she is down in some basement putting black stuff on her eyebrows and red paint on her cheeks. She has become transformed into a nervous being, half dead, awaiting the moment when she shall be called upon the stage and quite dead if she shall never be called at all.

Subsisting on her nervous nature, believing that there is a world and a career above conceiting children and letting them drink from her breast, she unfits herself for the life of home, and yet is almost sure to be disappointed in the life of the footlights. Some day or other, as in the ballad of "'Ostler Joe," there returns to a cheap lodging or to a third-rate hotel a woman consumptive, or fallen, or disappointed, wondering why she ever permitted the devil to look at her from over the footlights and break her heart.—"Gath" in Cincinnati Enquirer.

How to Clean Oil-Cloth.

Water and soap will soon destroy the best of oil cloth, and though they must be occasionally washed, put on little water, wipe with a cloth wrung out of skim milk, and finish with a dry rag. If oil cloth is varnished once a year, or twice if in constant use, as in kitchen, its term of service will be almost indefinitely prolonged. After the usual sweeping which should be done with a bristle, not corn broom, fasten a large dry cloth on the broom and go over the floor with it. If you do you will not be annoyed by the fine dirt clinging to your skirts or baby's slips.—Ellen Lyman in Minneapolis Housekeeper.

"Going to Bed" Etiquette.

"It is always a debatable point of etiquette, whether hostess or guest makes the first movement to go to bed, and thus breaks up the evening gathering. The guest may be overcome with fatigue from a day's journey, the host may be fidgeting under the strain of entertaining, and longing for the guest to show some signs by which he can gracefully and hospitably suggest "that it is getting late," yet neither quite like to appear, as they think, impolite. In fact many visitors have suffered agonies in trying to be agreeable, while the host and hostess were doing their best to suppress their yawns and to "make conversation" until chance offered a solution of the difficulty. There is, however, but one rule to be followed in this relationship of host and hostess, and the hour of retirement. The host or hostess must always take the initiative and say an appropriate word as to the lateness of the hour and the desirability of going to bed.—Boston Beacon.

Two Types of Feminine Humanity.

There are two little girls in this town, quite young. They have always been interesting to me as exemplifications of the two extreme ways of getting what you want. One is bright, quick, active, aggressive. She goes after what seizes her fancy, and gets it by sheer irresistible compulsion because you can see that she already realizes that you will not refuse her. The other is quiet, undemonstrative, passive, and her disposition is so sweet, and she is so apparently indifferent, that you give her what you think she wants just to attract her attention. She looks, she doesn't speak, and she gets everything in sight offered to her. The first gets what she wants; the second gets that and a great deal more. If they both develop on their present lines, they'll have lots of fun. The one will command; the other will simply enslave every man she meets, and they'll both be irresistible.—San Francisco Chronicle.

Method of Correcting a Child.

Seldom a child that never needs correction, and, for my part, I think there have proved few modes of punishment less cruel or more efficacious than the old fashioned, if somewhat softened, whipping. But who of us can say they administered it discreetly, soberly, and for the child's best good? Who dares plead excuse that they were angered, hot-headed, and shall not hear that awful warning addressed to those who "offend one of these little ones."

There are exceptions. It is meet that we, who have no children, should tell parents how to govern them. But suppose they don't do it! This past summer two distinguished authors got into trouble and the papers, for culling malicious little boys. It is vulgar, it is undignified, but what would you?—Ruth Hall in Good Housekeeping.

Save the Children. They are especially liable to sudden Colds, Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, etc. We guarantee Acker's English Remedy a positive cure. It saves hours of anxious watching. Sold by Prentice & Evenson, opposite O P O

—THE GAZETTE IS ONE OF THE LARGEST AND BEST DAILIES PUBLISHED IN THE STATE; THE SUBSCRIPTION PRICE IS ONLY 12 CENTS A WEEK DELIVERED TO ANY PART OF THE CITY.

A Little Sufferer,
CLEANSED, PURIFIED AND BEAUTIFIED BY THE CUTICURA REMEDIES.

It affords me pleasure to give you this report of the cure of our little grandchild by your Cuticura Remedies. When six months old his left hand began to swell and had every appearance of a large boil. We poulticed it, but all to no purpose. About five months after it became a running sore. Soon other sores formed. He then had two of them on each hand and as his blood became more and more impure, it took less time for them to break out. A sore came on the chin beneath the under lip, which was very offensive. His head was one solid scab, discharging a great deal. This was his condition at twenty-two months old, when I undertook the care of him, his mother having died when he was a little more than a year old, of consumption (scrofula of course). He could walk a little, but could not get up if he fell down, and could not move when in bed, having no use of his hands. I immediately commenced with the Cuticura Remedies, using the Cuticura and Cuticura Soap freely, and when he had taken one bottle of the Cuticura Resolvent, his head was completely cured, and he was improved in every way. We were very much encouraged and continued the use of the remedies for a year and a half. One sore after another healed, a bony matter forming in each one of these five deep ones just before healing, which would finally grow loose and were taken out; then they would heal rapidly. One of these ugly bone formations I preserved. After taking a do[illegible] and a half bottles he was completely [illegible] and is now, at the age of six years, [illegible] and healthy child. The scars on his [illegible] almost always remain: his hands are [illegible] though we once feared that he would [illegible] be able to use them. All that physicians did for him did him no good. All who saw the child before using the Cuticura Remedies and see the child now consider it a wonderful cure. If the above facts are of any use to you, you are at liberty to use them.
MRS. E. S. DRIGGS.
May 9, 1885. 612 E. Clay St. Bloomington, Ill.

The child was really in a worse condition than he appeared to his grandmother, who being with him every day, became accustomed to the disease.
MAGGIE HOPPING

Cuticura Remedies are sold everywhere. Cuticura, the great skin cure, 50 cts.; Cuticura Soap, an exquisite skin beautifier, 25 cts.; Cuticura Resolvent, the new blood purifier, $1.00. Prepared by the Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases."

ITCHING, Scaly, Pimply, and Oily Skin beautified by Cuticura Soap.

Catharral Dangers.

To be freed from the dangers of suffocation while lying down; to breathe freely, sleep soundly and undisturbed, to rise refreshed, head clear, brain active and free from pain or ache; to know that no poisonous, putrid matter defiles the breath and rots away the delicate machinery of smell, taste and hearing; to feel that the system does not, through its veins and arteries, suck up the poison that is sure to undermine and destroy, is indeed a blessing beyond all other human enjoyments. To purchase immunity from such a fate should be the object of all afflicted. But those who have tried many remedies and physicians despair of relief or cure.

Sanford's Radical Cure meets every phase of Catarrh, from a simple head cold to the most loathsome and destructive stages. It is local and constitutional. Instant in relieving, permanent in curing, safe, economical and never-failing.

Sanford's Radical cure consists of one bottle of the Radical Cure, one box of Catharral Solvent, and one Improved Inhaler, all wrapped in one package, with treatise and directions, and sold by all druggists for $1.00.

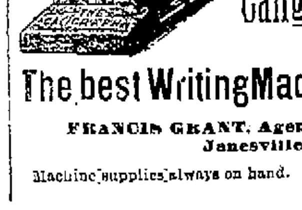
Potter Drug & Chemical Co., Boston.

Aching Muscles

RELIEVED IN ONE MINUTE by that new, original, elegant, and infallible antidote to pain and inflammation, the CUTICURA ANTI PAIN PLASTER. No ache or pain, or bruise or strain, or cough or cold, or muscular weakness but yields to its speedy, all-powerful and never-failing, pain alleviating properties. At druggists, 25c.; five for $1.00 or of Potter Drug & Chemical Co. Boston

Wool

I will pay highest market rates for wool at my warehouse in Janesville, Receiving day on Saturday of each week.
H. H. SOVERHILL.



THE Caligraph

The best Writing Machine

FRANCIS GRANT, Agent,
Janesville, Wis.
Machine supplies always on hand.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MOST PERFECT MADE

Prepared with strict regard to Purity, Strength and Healthfulness. Dr. Price's Baking Powder contains no Ammonia, Lime or Alum. Dr. Price's Extracts, Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, etc., flavor deliciously.
PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., Chicago and St. Louis.

EXCURSION,
TOURISTS, PICKNICKERS AND FISHING PARTIES,

Will find the very best assortment of suitable goods such as Pressed Chicken, Boned Quail Lunch Tongue, Lunch Ham, Potted Chicken, Ham, Tongue and Turkey, whole Rolled Tongue, whole boned cooked Ham, Canned Corn, Beef, Pickled Oysters, Clam Chowder, Baked Beans, Cove Oysters, Cavair prepared Soup, Truffled Quail, Clams, Sardines in Oil, Sardines in Mustard, Sardines Truffled, Brook Trout, Mackerel in Sauce, Lobsters, Blue Fish, Hard Crabs, Shrimps, Codfish Balls, also Preserves, Jellies, Jams, Pickles, Meat Sauces, Fruit Syrups for summer drinks all flavors, fine Crackers, Bread of several kinds New Cream Cheese, Baked White Fish, etc., etc.

J. A. DENNISTON,
40 West Milwaukee St. Janesville.

LEGAL NOTICES.

CIRCUIT COURT, ROC[illegible] C[illegible]NTY—Matilda Janet Byers vs Robert [illegible]
The State of Wisconsin, to the said defendant
You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and defend the above entitled action in the court aforesaid and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint.
H. H. BLANCHARD,
Plaintiff's Attorney
P. O. Address, Janesville, Rock County, Wis
jy17d7w

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—COUNTY COURT ROCK COUNTY.—In the matter of the estate of John Spence, deceased.
Letters of administration having been issued this day to William Sillito, and the time for creditors to present their claims for allowance having been limited to the 1st day of February next, inclusive, notice is hereby given that this Court, at the office of the Judge thereof in the city of Janesville, in this county at the next February term to be held on the 1st day of February next, from 1:30 o'clock p. m., to 3 o'clock p.m., will receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against said deceased.—Dated July 17, 1886.
By the Court, AMOS P. PRICHARD,
County Judge.
jy19d1w

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—COUNTY COURT, ROCK COUNTY.—In the matter of the estate of John Kimball, deceased.
Letters of administration having been issued this day to N. P. Bump, and the time for creditors to present their claims for allowance having been limited to the 1st day of February, next, inclusive, notice is hereby given that this court, at the office of the judge thereof in the city of Janesville, in this county, at the next February term, to be held on the 1st day of February next. from 1:30 o'clock p. m. to 3 o'clock p. m., will receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against said deceased.—Dated July 6, 1886.
By the Court, AMOS P. PRICHARD,
County Judge.
jy15d1w

ICE!

The Price of Ice for the Season of 1886

WILL BE AS FOLLOWS:

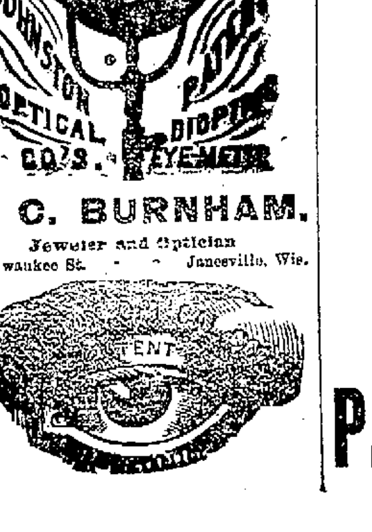
Ice to families for April, 1886	$ 1 00
25 lbs ice per day on the walk from May 1st to Oct. 1st, 1886	7 00
25 lbs washed and put in refrigerator	8 00
30 lbs on walk	8 50
30 lbs wash	9 50
40 lbs on walk	11 00
40 lbs washed	12 00
25 lbs per day by the month	2 00
Ice by the 100 lbs 20c by the ton	3 00
Ice for the month of Oct. 1886 if paid July 1st with the season	1 00
If not ordered until Oct. 1886	1 50

Parties having ice washed and put in refrigerator must have the water ready or the ice will be left on the walk, as it takes half the men's time waiting for the water and adds to the expense of delivery. Hoping that customers will do their part, and promising to do mine, satisfaction will be guaranteed to both parties.

J. H. GATELEY

Concrete Walks.

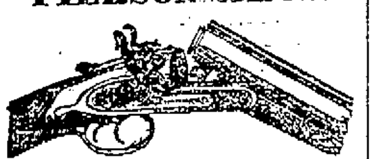
The undersigned is now prepared to put down Concrete sidewalks in this city. Parties intending to build new walks will find it to their interest to call at Mr. C. Miner's boot and shoe store, or I. C. Brownell's, where all information will be furnished, and with whom orders can be left.
H. H. HASKELL.
apr20d3m



S. C. BURNHAM,
Jeweler and Optician
82 Milwaukee St. - - Janesville, Wis.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PIERSON BROS.



Gun and Locksmiths

DEALERS IN

Firearms, Ammunition, Pocket Knives, Razors, Sewing Machine supplies. All kinds of Repairing done promptly.

Rifles & Shot Guns TO RENT.
sep1dawly

MARBLE AND GRANITE
MONUMENTS!

Cheaper than any traveling man can possibly afford. Don't be humbugged by good talking agents.

Fine Granite Monuments

A specialty. Patent Iron Reservoir Flower Vases for lawns and cemeteries. Come and see me.

F. A. BENNETT.
Janesville- - Wisconsin.
mar28dsatwly

HARD TIMES.

Look at the prices

E. HALL

Has marked on the following goods:

Barb Wire, Nails, Carpenters' Tools,

Bolts, Axes.

Farmers' Tools, Oil,

Axes, Chains, Shelf Hardware, Rope, Wool Twine, Strap Hinges, Boys' Express Wagons, Carpet Sweepers, Machine Oil, Men's

Clothing, Dry Goods

Lawn Mowers, Screen Wire, Oil Cans, Sprinklers, Oil Stoves, Meat Saws, and other goods too numerous to mention. Don't forget the place.

E HALL
my20dsw River Street.

THE
CHICAGO,
MILWAUKEE
& ST. PAUL
RAILWAY COMPANY.

Owns and operates nearly 5,000 miles of thoroughly equipped road in Illinois, Wisconsin Iowa, Minnesota and Dakota.

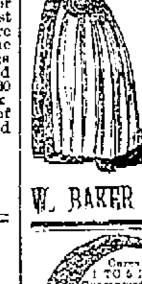
It is the Short Line and Best Route between all principal points in the Northwest and Far West.

For maps, time tables, rates of passage and freight, etc., apply to the nearest station agent of the CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST PAUL RAILWAY, or to any railroad agent anywhere in the United States or Canada.

R. MILLER, General Manager. A. V. H. CARPENTER, Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt.
J. F. TUCKER, Asst. Genl. Man. GEO. H. HEAFFORD, Asst. Gen. Pass. & Tkt Agt.
MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN

For notices in reference to Special Excursions, changes of time, and other items of interest in connection with the CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY, please refer to the local columns of this paper.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.
BAKER'S
Breakfast Cocoa.



Warranted *absolutely pure Cocoa*, from which the excess of Oil has been removed. It has *three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup*. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, easily digested, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

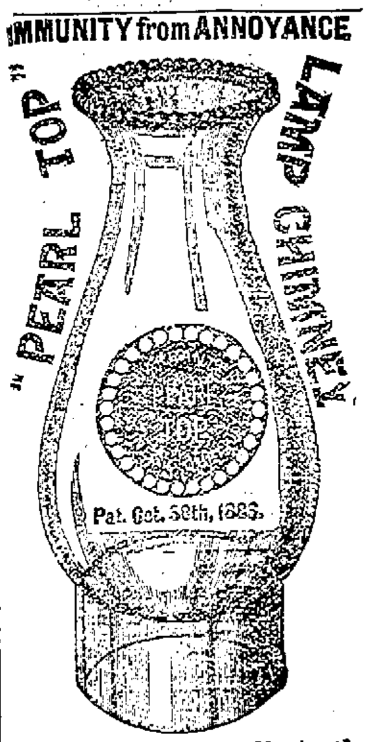
G Cures in 1 TO 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture. Mf'd only by the Evans Chemical Co. Cincinnati, Ohio.

[G] has taken the lead in the sales of that class of remedies, and has given almost universal satisfaction.
MURPHY BROS.,
Paris, Tex.
G has won the favor of the public and now ranks among the leading Medicines of the oildom.
A. L. SMITH,
Bradford, Pa.
Sold by Druggists. Price $1.00.

For Sale only by FRANK SHERER & CO.
sep21dly

MISCELLANEOUS

IMMUNITY from ANNOYANCE



Made only of the finest and best quality of Glass for withstanding heat.

Every good thing is Counterfeited, and consumers are CAUTIONED against IMITATIONS of these Chimneys made of VERY POOR GLASS. See that the exact label is on each chimney as above. The Pearl Top is always clear and bright Glass.

Manufactured ONLY by
GEO. A. MACBETH & CO.
Pittsburgh Lead Glass Works.
FOR SALE BY DEALERS.

WILSON WASHBOARDS.

These Washboards are made with a Bent-Wood rim. The Strongest boards and best washers in the world. For sale by all dealers. Take no other.
SINGLE and DOUBLE.
SAGINAW M'F'G CO.,
Saginaw, Michigan.

To Advertisers:

A list of 1000 newspapers divided into STATES AND SECTIONS will be sent on application—**FREE.**

To those who want their advertising to pay, we can offer no better medium for thorough and effective work than the various sections of our select local list.

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.
Newspaper Advertising Bureau,
10 Spruce street, New York

WEAK MEN! Debilitated through Indiscretions or Excesses, WE GUARANTEE TO CURE by this NEW IMPROVED Electric Belt & Suspensory or REFUND MONEY. Made for this specific purpose, Cure of Generative Weakness, giving freely, mild, soothing currents of Electricity directly through all weak parts, restoring them to health and Vigorous Strength. Electric Current felt instantly or we forfeit $5,000 in cash. Greatest Improvements over all other belts. Worst cases permanently cured in three months. Sealed pamphlet 4c. stamp
The Sanden Electric Co. 169 LaSalle st., Chicago

$1000 FORFEIT
IF NOT HAVANA FILLER.

CLAM CIGAR

IT PAYS TO BE HONEST
Smoke El Ferno 10c Cigar.

A GENTLEMAN'S SMOKE
FOR 5 CENTS.

This Cigar will prove as represented and will be extensively advertised in every town for live dealers who will appreciate its merits and push it accordingly.

Address BANGHART BROS., Sole Agents,
130 Fifth Avenue, - CHICAGO.

RETAIL AT
Frank Sherer & Co., Prentice & Evenson, Jas. W. Brown, A. Golling.

TO ADVERTISE and meet with success requires a knowledge of the value of newspapers, and a correctly displayed advt. To secure such information **JUDICIOUSLY** as will enable you to advertise **CONSULT LORD AND THOMAS** NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

The Gazette may be found on file at the office of Lord & Thomas, McCormick block, for such of our citizens who desire to see the paper when in Chicago.

P. W. I. Blood. P. & E.

PERUVIAN Wine of IRON
PRENTICE & EVENSON

A preparation of Peruvian Bark, Sherry Wine and Iron. This remedy purifies and nourishes the blood, invigorates the whole system, and is especially beneficial in cases of Nervous Debility, Liver and Kidney Complaints, Loss of Appetite, Dyspepsia, Neuralgia, Headache, affection of the skin, and all diseases originating in a bad condition of the blood. It is a certain preventive and cure for Fever and Ague, and all persons of sedentary habits, and those troubled with sleeplessness, langor, or indisposition to exercise, will derive great relief from its use. Prompt result will follow its use in cases of sudden exhaustion and it will prove a valuable restorative for all convalescents. As a Nutritive, is used in the treatment of impaired nutrition, impoverishment of the blood, and in all the various forms of general ability.

P. W. I. Blood. P. & E.

THE GAZETTE.

FRIDAY JULY 23.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Parrots have come. Call and see them at HEIMSTREET'S.

Sermons, Phillip's Books, at Sutherland's.

Archie Reid's has always been headquarters for bargains in any line of first class dry goods, and the latest venture which promises to eclipse all previous efforts is an immense sale of guaze and summer weight underwear, hosiery and gloves. Call and inspect the largest line of these goods ever offered in Janesville

Parrots have come. Call and see them at HEIMSTREET'S,

Just received 5,000 Monterey cigars, the finest 5 cent cigar in the city. Box trade a specialty at J. W. Brown's cigar store, Lappin's block.

Ruching at cost to-morrow, the largest stock in the city to select from.

McCULLAGH & GALBRAITH.

The Influence of Jesus, Philip's Books, at Sutherland's.

All flavors of Shurtleff's ice cream at Skinner's.

Parrots have come. Call and see them at HEYMSTREET'S.

TO SELL OR RENT—for a term of years—a tobacco farm of fifteen acres on Milton avenue, town of Harmony, with all the necessary tools for working the same. DANIEL CLOW.

Eternal Hope—Farrar, at Sutherland's.

See Archie Reid's line of hand embroidered hankerchiefs at 25 cents.

Lemon squeezers, ice picks, garden trowels, 10 cents; fine line of drinking glasses of all kinds; new Japanese goods, at Wheelock's.

Sermons and addresses in America, by Farrar, at Sutherland's.

If you want a good spring or summer suit, go to T. J. Zeigler's, corner Main and Milwaukee streets.

Underwear cheapest at Archie Reid's.

Just opened at Archie Reid's an immense line of ladies' muslin underwear, baby dresses, etc., etc., from the importing house of Mills & Gibbs, New York City.

WANTED—Salesmen for fruit trees, ornamentals etc. Unequalled facilities.

STARK NURSERIES, Louisiana, Mo.

T. J. Zeigler has the best assortment of hats in the city.

The Empire Cross Spring Company keep on hand the best assortment of carriages, buggies and light wagons to be found in the city. They sell at the lowest prices, especially when the quality of the work is considered.

Chewing and smoking tobacco—Chase's

If your husband finds fault with you, do you know how to make him good humored? Give him a cup of Brace & Brown's Faultless Tea.

Best cigars at Chase's, O. P. O.

We have a fine line of Egyptian and Oriental laces—in flounces—all over, and edges—that we are making low prices on.

BORT, BAILEY & Co

Go to Chase's for the "Official 5."

$1,000 will buy a good house and two fine lots in 1st ward, three blocks from the street railway. H. H. BLANCHARD.

Fifty dozen colored percale shirts worth $1.50, at the low price of 76 cents including cuffs and three collars, at T J. Zeigler's.

Big lot of sample corsets just received at Archie Reid's.

Try "Iceland cream" soda water at Skinner's.

When curfew tolls the knell of parting day,
And wife and children waiting are for me;
I pass by Brace & Brown's grocery on the way.
And carry home a can of Faultless Tea.

Call at L. Canniff's on the Public square for cheapest cigars in the city.

Fifty handsome embroidered robes to be disposed of cheap at Archie Reid's.

FOR RENT—Rooms furnished and unfurnished, at the Madison house.

C. L. MITCHELL.

For the best 5-cent cigar in the city, go to Chase's.

Leave orders at Golling's for Shurtleff's ice cream in brick or by the gallon, delivered to any part of the city.

There is no surer sign of the merit of Brace & Brown's pure, Faultless Tea, than its present great popularity.

Shurtleff's ice cream at Golling's.

If you wish to borrow or loan money, call on C. E. BOWLES.

Anything in smokers' goods at Chases

"Iceland cream", the latest flavor in soda water, at Skinner's.

If you want a good smoke go to L. Canniff's.

13 acres of land in this city, with house new barn, well, cistern, etc., can be bought *for one week only*, for $1,250.

C. E. BOWLES.

See E. J. Green's add. New good at new prices. New berry sets, chamber sets and the wonderful one minute coffee pot at 50 cents on the dollar.

A fine residence, nearly new, surrounded by ten acres of grove and lawn, with new basement barn, henery and nearly every desirable convenience, and on projected street car line, is offered at a very low price. This bargain cannot be duplicated C. E. BOWLES.

Call at L. Canniff's on Public square for tobacco. Cigars by the box a specialty.

Headquarters for California fruit at Denniston's.

For the best and most durable as well as the cheapest carriages, buggies and light wagons go to the Empire Cross Spring Co., Janesville, Wis., and you will be sure to save money and secure what you want.

$900 will buy a good house and lot three blocks from the street railway.

H. H. BLANCHARD.

Brieflets.

—Officer John Ryan captured a drunk this afternoon—one of the city's chronics.

—W. H. Sargent Post No. 20, G. A. R., regular semi-monthly rally at post headquarters this evening.

—A stone curbing is being put in along the front of Mr. Henry Stearns' property on Washington street, first ward.

—The gas lamp that has been ordered by the common council in front of the first ward school property has been put in.

—Parties are at the Search farm this afternoon, making a careful examination of the place, in the hope of finding something new regarding the tragedy of Sunday last.

—People's Lodge No. 460, Independent Order of Good Templars, assemble in regular weekly session this evening—lodge room in the Court Street M. E. church block.

—Chicago & Northwestern railway company will sell excursion tickets for Monona Lake assembly, Madison, July 28th to August 11th, good to return until August 14th. Fare $1.95 round trip.

—In the municipal court yesterday afternoon W. H. Beaver and Herman Lightfoot were held for trial July 31st. The charge is larceny and the bail was fixed at two hundred and fifty dollars a piece.

—Up to noon yesterday the Chicago & Northwestern road had sold, according to its report, almost fifteen hundred tickets to the saengerfest. Seven hundred of these were in Freeport, four hundred and fifty in Rockford and three hundred in Beloit. There will be two trains run one following the other.

—Last night the remains of Mr. Henry Search were taken in charge by the American Express Co., and sent to Marion, Ohio, where burial services will be held. Those of Mrs. Search were sent this morning to Detroit, and will lay in the vault there until the funeral party return rom Ohio.

—The funeral of Mrs. Christiana Gilbertson was held this afternoon at the Norwegian church. There was quite a large attendance and the services very impressive. The Rev. Mr. Thorwalsden made some very appropriate remarks and paid a high tribute to the memory of the deceased. At the close of the ceremonies the remains were taken to Oak Hill for interment.

—The first ward came very near enjoying another conflagration this afternoon. Near the corner of Pearl and Bluff streets shortly after dinner a small boy was heard shouting "fire" with all the vigor of his little lungs: An investigation showed that the roof of the house occupied by Mr. Wallis and owned by Mr. Mount was ablaze. A few pails of water quenched the flames, and no alarm was turned in to the fire department.

—Bear in mind that the excursion train over the Chicago and Northwestern railway, bound for Milwaukee on Sunday morning, will leave Janesville at 9 a. m., reaching Milwaukee in time for the excursionists to witness all the amusements of that day. Fare for the round trip, (tickets good to return the same evening or upon any regular train until Tuesday) $2.50. For sale by John Schicker and at the ticket office of the Northwestern railway. The Freeport and Rockford bands will accompany this excursion.

—The drouth in many parts of the state is very severe, and great damage is the result. The extract below is from a private letter from a large farmer in the southwestern part of Dane county, written Wednesday to the Milwaukee Sentinel: "Everything is looking bad. I cannot tell much about the oats, but I know that some cannot be cut, and if it holds dry for another week I will have no corn, I will then begin to cut it for feed. Some of my neighbors have begun to cut down trees for their stock so that their cattle can get the leaves to eat."

—The Iowa weather prophet, Mr. Couch, on April 27th last predicted forty days hot, dry weather, which has been more than verified. He now says: 20th, thunderstorms at night; 21st, rain areas, cooler; 23d, westerly and northerly winds; 24th, cloud area, from the west; 25th, east coast wind; 26th, rising temperature; 27th, cloudy, stormy; 28th, rain and winds; 29th, north wave, followed by calm; 30th, easterly winds and warmer; 31st, rains. A western man thinks unusually heavy snows on the mountains as was the case last winter, are as a rule significant of a dry summer east of the ranges."

—It was stated last evening at the meeting of the board of water commissioners, that pipe could be obtained for piping the city within ninety days after the placing of the order. It will take about that time to put down an artesian well, in case the well is put down 1,200 or 1,400 feet. Now that the pumping station has been located, there is but very little more preliminary work to do before active work on the construction of the plant commences, and should there be as favorable winter as the last, the pipe could all be laid and the works put in operation by the first of January. The majority of the people of the city would be pleased to see this.

—Beloit Free Press: The flume of the Beloit Scale works gave out, under the mill, last night, and washed out a portion of the foundation of the south wall of the works, and the wall settled considerably. When the men went to work this morning the window glass was cracked and the wall could be heard cracking open. The headgates of the works were shut down as soon as possible and the walls braced up with timbers. Mr. A. J. Gleason, the manager, was at Lauderdale Lake and was telegraphed the news of the accident and is expected home to-day as a portion of the works will need to be rebuilt.

—Yesterday afternoon during the funeral services, at the Baptist church, of the victims of Sunday's tragedy, Mr. Charles Shepherd, an old neighbor of the murdered couple, fainted in the church. He was taken out doors and soon revived. Last evening, at the jail, while in conversation with Attorney E. M. Hyzer, Edward W. Moore, who is under arrest, suddenly straightened on in his chair in a fainting fit. Dr. J. B. Whiting was summoned, and the young man was soon restored, though he showed signs of nervous excitement later in the night.

—The burning of Mr. Leavitt's barn yesterday afternoon was caused by the carelessness of a little boy—four or five years old—who was at play in the yard. He went into the house and asked his mother for a match to light a bonfire. The match was given him. In a few minutes he returned to the house and excitedly told his mother—"I have built a bonfire and can't blow it out." Upon looking out the lady discovered the barn in flames. There was considerable delay in sending the alarm to the fire department. It was first sent to the central telephone office, but before the alarm could be repeated to the engine houses the locomotive whistles sounded the alarm and was quickly responded to by the fire department.

—Olive Branch Lodge A. O. U. W., will hold their annual picnic at Pope Springs Tuesday July 27th, at which there will be a full line of picnic amusements. Also the Bower City band will render some of their best music. The steamboat will leave the dock at 10 and 11:30 a. m. and 1:30 and 3 p. m. It is requested that all members meet at the hall at 12:30 sharp to march with the band to the dock. Select Knights will be uniformed. The steamboat will commence the return trips at 6 o'clock. Tickets for round trip 25 cents; can be procured of Palmer & Stevens, F. Sherer, E. J. Kent and at the dock. Children of members and of their friends free. It is desirable that as many as can make it convenient will go by the morning boat to avoid overcrowding.

WATER WORKS.

Adjourned Meeting of the Board of Water Commissioners.

The Pumping Station Located on South River Street.

A Committee Authorized to Contract for the Digging of an Artesian Well.

Other Business Considered by the Board.

An adjourned meeting of the board of water commissioners was held last evening, at which Mr. President Pease presided—all the commissioners being present.

The journal of the last meeting was read and approved.

Commissioner Eldredge moved to take up resolution No. 4, which was presented by him at a former meeting and action deferred. Adopted.

The clerk read the resolution as follows:

Fourth, That in connection with such artesian wells and in the near proximity to the same, and such pumps, a reservoir of capacity of not less than two million gallons of water be constructed to receive, hold and contain the surplus water of such wells, as a reserve supply thereof for such system and distribution.

Commissioner Eldredge moved that that the resolution be adopted. Adopted by unanimous vote.

Commissioner Eldredge offered the following, and moved its adoption:

Resolved, by the board of water commissioners of the city of Janesville, That as a part of the system of the water works for said city, heretofore adopted by this board, the buildings, artesian wells, and reservoir provided for by said system of water works, be located on blocks 8 and 9 in the Railroad addition to the city of Janesville.

Resolved, further, That the clerk of this board be and he is hereby directed to submit this resolution and location of said buildings, artesian wells and reservoir, to the common council of said city for its approval.

The resolutions were adopted.

On motion of Commissioner Eldredge the clerk was instructed to notify the engineer, Colonel Ruger, of the above action.

Commissioner Wray moved that a committee of three be appointed to present plans and specifications at the next meeting for an artesian well. Adopted.

The president appointed as such committee Commissioners Eldredge, Wray and Denniston.

Commissioner Denniston moved that Commissioners Eldredge and Pease be appointed a committee to obtain optional contracts for lots in blocks 8 and 9 in Railroad addition. Aeo pted.

On motion the board adjourned.

Personal.

—Mr. W. G. Wheelock went to St. Paul this afternoon.

—Mrs. Phoebe Brown, of Chicago, is visiting in the city, the guest of Mrs. John Shortney, of the first ward.

—Dr. C. A. Miner informs the Gazette by mail that he has been called by wire to the bedside of his daughter, at Nashville, Tenn., and says that he will return as soon as possible.

—Fred A. Vankirk is in Chicago today, and the patrons of Vankirk Bro's establishment may look for a full line of berries, peaches and other fruit to-morrow, besides an abundance of seasonable vegetables.

—Mr. D. E. Fifield and his son, Mr. Edward Fifield, have returned from their visit in the east. They spent part of their time along the St. Lawrence river in Canada, and afterwards stayed for a short time in Boston, New York and other of the prominent cities.

—Mrs. Minerva Hutchinson and daughter, Miss Alice Hutchinson, of Owego, New York, are in the city, the guests of Mrs. Hutchinson brother, Mr. D. D. Wilson, on Court street, third ward. Mrs. Hutchinson is Mr. Wilson's only sister and this is her first visit to the west.

—Mr. L. H. McCullough, of the Richmond (Ind.) Fire Alarm Co. is in the city and will remain a few days exhibiting his fire alarm apparatus. He has his "outfit" at the west side engine house, consisting of street boxes, "printers," gongs and the police call. The people of Janesville are invited to call during his stay and witness the manner of giving fire alarm, and also the contrivance for calling the city marshal to any part of the city where this system of alarm is in operation. It is claimed that this is one of the most perfect alarm systems made.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cent per box. For sale by F. Sherer & Co

THE INQUEST.

Testimony of Charles E. Shepherd, a Neighbor of the Murdered Couple.

The Hired Girl's Story of the Visit to Hankey's on Sunday Evening.

The Officers in Search of New Facts.

The inquest in the Search murder case was resumed at nine o'clock this morning, the first witness called being Chas. E. Shepherd, a neighbor of the Search's. Mr. Shepherd's testimony substantiated Edward Moore's story about the whereabouts of the latter on Saturday and Sunday. He stated that he and his wife started for church at 10 o'clock and returned about one o'clock. In passing the Search farm he noticed that the stable door was open and a cow standing in front of it, also noticed some boys down by the creek, side of the road near Mr. Search's farm; the boys were engaged in watching some horses that were feeding along the road. He found Moore at home when he returned from church and he was around home during the afternoon. It was about half past seven when he finished milking the cows. After that he went up stairs, saying that he guessed he would go over to Hankey's. When he came down he had changed his clothes and spoke to Mrs. Shepherd about not locking the door. She said that if he got back before they went to bed, the door would be unlocked, otherwise he would be locked out. It was almost eight o'clock when Moore started. When he returned, the witness was just going to bed, and was partly undressed. The lamp had been blown out. While Moore had been at Hankey's the witness had examined his room and found everything gathered up into a valise. He then suspected that Moore intended to leave, and before going to bed he put a chair against the door so that he would be awakened if the door was opened. About twelve o'clock he heard Moore going out and got up to see which way he went. Moore and he had never had any difficulty. Mr. Search had only been alluded to once in Moore's hearing. At that time Moore asked who lived in that stone house, and was told that Mr. Search did. The witness said that he had never been in the house until last Monday morning. He had paid Moore for two months and had agreed that if both were suited he should remain until after the corn was husked. A few days before the murder Moore had partly given him to understand that he would stay. He heard no report of firearms on Sunday and thought that it would hardly be possible to hear a pistol shot at that distance. He did not think that Moore was out of his sight long enough to have gone over to Search's and committed the murder except at church time, or when he (Shepherd) was asleep early in the afternoon. He thought that if Moore had passed out to the road he would have heard him from the bedroom considerably easier than had he gone through the field.

OTHER TESTIMONY.

Fred Hankey corroborated the testimony of Mr. Shepherd and Mr. Moore in regard to the visit of the latter to Mr. Hankey's house on Sunday evening. He stated that Moore was at his house from eight o'clock to nine o'clock and started for home, saying that he would be locked out if he didn't get home early.

Mr. Shepherd was recalled and stated that he knew nothing about the custom of the Searchs in regard to keeping money in the house. He also stated that he was not in the best of health and sometimes had fainting fits.

Bertha Damrow, the girl who worked for Mr. Shepherd's people, testified that she was acquainted with Mr. Moore. She stated that he was present at Mr. Shepherd's Sunday morning and up to two o'clock in the afternoon when she went over to Mr. Hankey's, where she remained until about eight o'clock in the evening. When she returned she met Mr. Moore on his way over to Mr. Hankey's. The witnesses' testimony simply strengthened the chain of proof regarding the innocence of Moore.

The court adjourned at noon until 4 o'clock this afternoon.

From the time that the doors opened the court was crowded. Whenever anyone went out there was someone to take his place, and many of the curious ones stood patiently up to the last moment.

SOME NEW LIGHT.

Marshal Hogan and Deputy Sheriff Acheson have been out inspecting the grounds around the Search farm but found nothing to give a clue to the murderer. The marshal was out again this afternoon and made a search of the premises but with no results.

This afternoon John Hurst was seen by the officers, and says that he was out there about seven o'clock Sunday morning with a cow. After he turned her into pasture across from Search's place, he sat down under a tree with a number of boys, and while sitting there he heard what he thought to be two pistol shots in the direction of Search's house. The boys in company with him, however, say that they have no recollection of hearing any pistol shots.

A young man named Nash who owns land directly opposite Mr. Search's house was on the place in the afternoon and went to the well to get a drink. He usually saw the old man at that time of day watering his stock but saw nothing of him on that Sunday. From present indications it seems as though the murder was committed on Sunday morning instead of Sunday evening as the authorities at first supposed; and various circumstances connected with the matter make the mystery deeper than ever.

Grand Excursion.

A special train will leave the Chicago Milwaukee & St. Paul depot July 25th at 8 a. m., arriving at Milwaukee at 10:30 a. m. and will leave Milwaukee at 11:15 p. m. after the evening concerts. Five coaches will be here for the accommodation of Janesville and vicinity and the cars will be open at 7:30 a. m. This will enable parties who would like to go together and not with strangers, a chance to suit themselves. There will be plenty of music for all. Tickets for round trip $2.50. Good to return on any train, Monday, July 26th.

ADVICE TO WORKINGMEN

Given by the Chicago Anarchists—More Dynamite in Court.

CHICAGO, July 23.—The testimony in the anarchist trial Thursday was directd against Parsons, Fielden and Spies. H. Williams, a reporter for The News, testified that he had heard Parsons and Fielden at a meeting of anarchists advise workingmen to sack dry goods and grocery stores when they needed the necessities of life. Fielden told his hearers to get dynamite, as it was more useful than revolvers. Several police officers swore to finding dynamite and anarchist literature in The Arbeiter Zeitung office, and a package of dynamite was produced in court, one of the officers opening the package on the floor. At this the court said:

"Now that stuff may just as well be carried away. [Laughter.] If a person does not know what is in such a bundle before hand, he is not any wiser for looking at it." The court then ordered the dynamite carried out.

John J. Ryan testified that he had heard Parsons say in a speech that the workingmen should buy rifles, and if they could not afford rifles they could get enough dynamite for 25 cents to blow up a building the size of the Pullman building.

Henry Wilkinson, a reporter, was the last witness. He had been shown a bomb called the "czar" by Spies, who said it was very dangerous. Spies described the manner in which the Socialists could meet the police and throw bombs. There were no leaders, Spies said, but when the great day came each man would know what he had to do. Spies' plan was to form the dynamitors in the shape of the letter V at one of the openings of a street intersection, and throw bombs at the police or militia as they advanced. Spies said a general conflict was likely to take place about May 1 between the workingmen and the police. The Haymarket was not mentioned. Spies afterwards denied the interview in a letter.

MILWAUKEE'S SEASON OF SONG.

A Great Day at the Saengerfest—Choruses of 2,500 and 2,800 Singers.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 23.—The second day of the twenty-fourth saengerfest of the North American Saengerbund ended Thursday night with a great concert. A most brilliant audience, limited only by the capacity of the building, was in attendance. The matinee in the afternoon was attended by 2,000 people, besides a mighty chorus which has been augmented to approximate 2,800 by reinforcements. In the evening the streets were alive with a solid mass of visitors and citizens, and with the decorations and illuminations the scene was a most inspiring one. Fully 50,000 people were out in the central portion of this, usually quiet, city, and fully 10,000 were present at the evening's concert.

In the afternoon the Orpheus mannerchor, of Chicago, and the Socialer sangerchor, Orpheus saengerbund and Liederkranz, of St. Louis, carried off the honors in the chorus singing and Mr. Joseph Standige, bass; Miss C. Goldsticker, soprano, and Raphael Joseffy, pianist, the solo praise. The evening's programme presented choruses by the massed male chorus of the North American Saengerbund, 2,500 strong, a solo by Miss Brandt, a duet by Miss Lillie Lehman and Joseph von Witt, and a cantata by Miss Lehman, Von Witt, A. Poulet, Max Henrich, Joseph Benedict and chorus. The orchestra in accompaniment and symphonies was most effective. The city is given over for the occasion and business is almost suspended to make a German holiday.

A Pretty Sensation Spoiled.

NEW YORK, July 23.—The skeleton found about a week ago at 61 Rose street was minutely examined by Coroner Messemer Wednesday at the morgue. He satisfied himself that the bones were not those of A. T. Steward. One of the leg bones belonged to a man whose stature must have been six feet two inches, while the corresponding bone in the other leg evidently belonged to a man who only stood five feet eleven. The coroner concluded that the leg bones were those of different men. Dr. Messemer found the rib of an ox in the collection. He can not account for this only on the theory that the bones belonged to some medical student. The bones will be reinterred in potter's field.

The Diamond Field.

National league base ball games Thursday: At Chicago—Kansas City 1, Chicago 14; at Boston—Washington 4, Boston 10; at New York—Philadelphia 1, New York 2; at Detroit—St. Louis 4, Detroit 10. American association: At Staten Island—Metropolitan 4, Louisville 6; at Baltimore—Cincinnati 11, Baltimore 10; at Brooklyn—St. Louis 1, Brooklyn 7; at Philadelphia—Athletic 7, Pittsburg 4.

Cigar-Makers' Strike Ended.

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 23.—As a result of a conference between the executive committee of the Cigar-Makers' union and the Manufacturers' association, held Wednesday night, the cigar-makers' strike is ended. There were concessions made on both sides, as is reported, but the exact terms of settlement are withheld. The strike was begun June 1.

CONDENSED NEWS.

The Democrats of the Fifth Ohio district have renominated George E. Seney for congress.

Joseph W. Knowles, one of the earliest settlers in the vicinity of Wheaton, Ills., died Thursday.

In the brigade camp at Springfield, Ills., the Gatling gun, shooting 200 yards, bunched 103 balls within a radius of two feet.

The Pennsylvania tube-works, at Pittsburgh, have voluntarily advanced the wages of 1,000 workmen 10 per cent., dating back two weeks.

There is some alarm at Boston in regard to the non-arrival of the English cutter Galatea, which sailed from Southampton twenty-five days ago.

The Fulton brewery at Galena, Ills., the pioneer establishment of the kind in northern Illinois, was totally destroyed by fire, Thursday. The loss is $12,000.

The Democrats of the Second congressional district of Iowa have nominated Judge Walter I. Hayes to succeed J. M. Murphy, the Hennepin canal champion.

At La Porte, Ind., Thursday afternoon, while riding on Pine lake, Mrs. Rose Storn and Frank Molloy were drowned. The young man was the son of the evangelist, Emma Molloy.

Only thirty miles of track remain to be laid on the Burlington & Northwestern road between St. Paul and Oregon, Ills. The officers expect to run trains out of Chicago before Sept. 15.

George H. Bates, of Delaware, a personal friend of Secretary Bayard, has started to San Francisco on a secret mission to the Samoan Islands, where he will meet representatives of the European powers.

Samuel Shirek, a dry goods merchant in Chicago, has made an assignment to cover liabilities of $75,000. A liquor dealer closed the Socialistic saloon of Thomas Greif, 54 West Lake street, Chicago, who was bankrupted by the Haymarket massacre.

An Answer Wanted.

Can any one bring us a case of Kidney or Liver Complaint that Electric Bitters will not speedily cure? We say they can not, as thousands of cases already permanently cured and who are daily recommending Electric Bitters, will prove. Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Weak Back or any urinary complaint quickly cured. They purify the blood, regulate the bowels, and act directly on the diseased parts. Every bottle guaranteed. For sale at 50 cents a bottle by F. Sherer & Co.

The Weather.

At seven o'clock this morning the thermometer indicated 65 degrees above zero. Clear with east wind. At one o'clock p. m. the register was 96 degrees above zero. Clear with south wind. For the corresponding hours one year ago the register was 75 and 92 degrees above zero.

Many Of the good things of this life are sorrowfully let alone on account of Dyspepsia. Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets will cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Constipation; sold on a positive guarantee at 25 and 50 cents, by

Prentice & Evenson, O. P. O.

WOULDN'T BE DENIED.

THE PRESIDENT GIVES A DAY TO THE ALBANY FESTIVAL.

A Determined Call for a Speech Responded to by a Short One Without Any Politics in It—Bayard and Whitney Also Heard—A Mild Guiteau Dogging the President.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 23.—The exercises here Thursday, the anniversary of the bicentennial of this city, were made more than usually interesting by the presence of the president of the United States, with Secretaries Bayard and Whitney. The president and party arrived at 6 a. m., and the reception given them was enthusiastic. They were placed in carriages and escorted by the Burgess corps to the governor's mansion. Just before the start was made, a Delaware county farmer broke through the escort, and laying hold of one of the president's hands, exclaimed, "Well, this is Grover, is it!" Upon being pleasantly assured by the president that he had made no mistake on the point of identity, the granger retired in triumph.

At 11:30 the president, governor and other distinguished guests took their places in the procession, which was a very large and brilliant one, and proceeded to the rink, where an oratorical and musical programme was executed, Governor Hill making the address of the occasion, which was long and treated of the history of Albany and the section of country in which it is situated, giving the story of Hendrick Hudson's voyage up the Hudson, and sketching the progress of the country from that time.

After Governor Hill concluded, Mayor Thatcher attempted to announce the next thing on the programme, but his voice was drowned by cries of "Cleveland!" "Cleveland!" "Cleveland!" The president arose, bowed, and sat down again in his chair in the center of the platform beside Governor Hill. This did not satisfy the audience, and the calls were renewed with added vigor. Finally the presidint arose, and, advancing to the front of the platform, said:

"CITIZENS OF ALBANY: I came here today as an invited guest to a family reunion. I desire to be modest, and not mingle too freely in the congratulations and celebrations which belong more properly to you. I do not wish to sound a single note of discord, but I have heard so much of the Dutch, and of this being a Dutch city; so much talk of the olden time and of its customs, that when I remember that I dwelt two years among you, I wonder whether I am in the right place or not. At the risk of creating discordance I will say that in my time Dutch was not the language of the town. The people spoke English, and to me words in English of kindness that I will never forget.

"I am glad, however, that you have got your charter. When I lived here, it was I think, under a charter, but according to my remembrance it was a charter passed by the legislature of the state in the first year I spent here, and approved by me. I must not detain you longer, but I cannot refrain from expressing to you my appreciation of the kindness with which you have received me and from repeating the homely and old-fashioned wish, may the citizens of Albany and their descendants see many happy returns of the day."

President Cleveland spoke in clear, ringing tones, and his remarks were received with applause. When he sat down the audience called upon Secretary Bayard for a speech, and he said a few words.

Secretary Whitney also gracefully yielded to a similar demand.

At the conclusion of the exercises President Cleveland, Secretaries Whitney and Bayard and ex-Mayor Banks drove to Secretary Manning's residence where they remained about an hour. They then drove to the governor's residence where, together with Secretary Manning, Frances Kernan, Lieutenant Governor Jones, Rufus W. Peckham, Col. Lamont and others, they dined with the governor at 6:30 o'clock.

In the evening thousands of the Albanians and their guests flocked out to Washington park, where an elaborate display of fireworks was given. After the dinner at the executive mansion the governor and the presidential party went to the senate chamber, where a public reception was held. In front of the speaker's desk stood the president, Governor Hill, and Secretaries Bayard Whitney, and ex-Senator Kernan. They were flanked on either side by the gold-laced members of the governor's staff. The chamber was thronged with assemblymen, senators and citizens. A line was formed, and for more than an hour men, women, and children passed by and shook hands with the president, the governor, and the secretaries, while musical selections were given by a band in an adjoining room.

While the president was receiving the public in the senate chamber a man with a swarthy face, short, black side whiskers, and black mustache, and shabbily-dressed in a well-worn light suit of clothes, was noticed hovering about the president. Finally he stealthily crept up behind him. The police had been noticing his movements, and arrested him. When the attention of the president and those who accompanied him was drawn to the man, they remembered that he had been hovering about him all the afternoon. The man protested against being arrested, but was led off to the station-house. There he was searched, but no weapons were found on him. He said his name was Nathan Schuler, that he was 28 years old, and that when at home he lived at Kingston, N. Y. He was a peddler by occupation, he said. When asked why he had followed the president about he said that when Cleveland was a candidate for president he introduced his name in various towns and cities throughout the state and spoke to people for him. He thought he deserved a political position, and as he was a poor man, he wanted to better himself. He thought that if the president knew what he had done for him he would give him a position. He was only watching for an opportunity to speak to him, he said. The police decided to lock the man up until the president was out of Albany.

The train bearing the president and Secretaries Bayard and Whitney, and Col. Lamont, left for Washington at 12:30 o'clock. They were accompanied to the train by Governor Hill, ex-Mayor Banks, and others.

Injured Among the Alps.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., July 23.—A cablegram has been received by E. P. Wilbur, president of the Lehigh Valley railroad company, from his son, Warren A. Wilbur, saying that his daughter Isabella, who is traveling in Switzerland, was injured in ascending the Alps, by the fall of a stone, her skull being fractured. The operation of trepanning has been performed and there are hopes of the young lady's recovery.

Editor O'Brien's Suggestions.

DUBLIN, July 23.—Mr. William O'Brien, in Thursday's issue of United Ireland, urges that the departure of Lord Aberdeen, the Liberal lord lieutenant of Ireland, should be made the occasion of a popular ovation to the retiring viceroy. He also predicts that with the accession of the Tories to power another campaign against landlordism is inevitable.

When you select your washing soap, get Fairbank's. One trial convinces the skeptical.

Money to Loan.

I can furnish any amount of money on good real estate security at seven per cent. Call at my office, corn exchange square. D. CONGER.

Wheeler & Stevens, the real estate agents located in the Phoebus block, are always supplied with farms, and desirable city property at bargains. They do a general real estate business and show property free of charge. When you want to buy or sell anything in their line call and see them.

Repairing of all kinds on the shortest notice at the Empire Cross Spring Co. Janesville.

—THE GAZETTE IS DELIVERED TO ANY PART OF THE CITY 12 FOR CENTS A WEEK

The best stock of shirts in the city, at T. J. Zeigler's.

Use the J. J. B. malt yeast.

Beauty a Bar to Success.

I once heard a very beautiful woman, who thought she could act, say to Mr. Harry Palmer that she intended to become a Charlotte Cushman.

"Then," said the remorseless manager, "you'll have to use vitriol on your face instead of rouge." This was the neatest mixture of philosophy and compliment I ever heard. Put into plain English it means that personal beauty is a bar to permanent success.—Nym Crinkle's Letter.

Facts That Will Appal Vegetarians.

What carnivora we Britons are, to be sure! At the Colonies on Monday no fewer than 80,294 persons passed the turnstile—a multitude exceeding great, which consumed 50,000 rolls, 5,000 loaves of bread, and 50 tons, or 112,000 pounds, of meat. That is to say, each man, woman and child at the Colonies that day disposed of nearly 1½ pounds of meat. The fact is enough to make vegetarians give up the ghost.—Pall Mall Gazette.

It is said that paintings of a total value of $600,000 are annually loaned by the painters of New York to western expositions.—New York Tribune.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Have your stoves stored, blacked and set up next season.

METCALF & GOWDEY.

If you want a gas, oil or gasoline stove refrigerator, ice chest, etc., go to Sanborn's second hand store, near Gazette office, North Main street.

Youths' and children's suits in great variety at T. J. Zeigler's, at prices which defy competition.

We will give you low prices on parasols.

BORT, BAILEY & Co.

FOR RENT—Basement of Jeffris block. Enquire at Merchants' bank.

All summer goods at cut prices to close BORT, BAILEY & Co.

New brick and Swiss cheese at Denniston's.

Our stock of novelties in wash dress goods is large, and the price on them we have just about cut in two.

BORT, BAILEY & Co.

Wash dress fabrics—stripes, checks and plain, at immense reductions to close.

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COMMERCIAL NEWS.

JANESVILLE MARKETS

Reported for the Gazette by Bump & Gray Grain and Produce Dealers.

JANESVILLE, July 21, 1886.

Receipts of grain have been comparatively nothing during the past week, which is owing mostly to farmers being busily engaged in securing the new crop. There is a good demand for all kinds of grain at the following quotations:

FLOUR—Patent $1.40 per sack; Vienna $1.20 Daisy, $1.25; Dandy, $1.30 per sack.
WHEAT—Winter 65@75c; good to best spring 65@70c; common to fair, 50@60
RYE—In good request at 50@53c per 60 lbs.
BARLEY—ranges at 30@40c according to quality. Old
BUCKWHEAT—Dull at 40@45c.
CORN—New Shelled 32@35c; now ear 75 lbr 30@35c.
HAY—Timothy for ton $8@$12, other kinds 6@$8. Baled hay $11.50 per ton.
GROUND FEED—75c per 100 lbs.
EGGS—Fresh 8c@ per dozen
TIMOTHY SEED—$1.60@1.75 per 46 lbs.
POULTRY—Turkeys 8@9c; chickens 7@8c
CLOVER SEED—$6.00@6.25 per bushel.
HIDES—Green 7c@7½c. Dry 12@15c.
PELTS—Range at 30@75c each.
WOOL—Ranges at 22@26c ⅓ off for unmerchantable.
OATS—good demand 28@34c;
MEAL—$70c per 100 lbs.
POTATOES—New 85@90c per bushel.
BUTTER—Good supply, 10@12c.
LIVE STOCK—Hogs $4.25@4.65, per. 100 lb Cattle $3.90@$4 30

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO, July 23.—2:30 P. M.

DESCRIPTION.	OPEN D.	HIGH ST	LOW ST	CLOSED
Wheat,—	$	$		$
Aug	75⅞	76⅛	75⅛	76
Sept	77¼	77⅞	77¼	77⅞
Oct	79⅛	79⅝	79	79⅛
Corn,—				
Aug	41	41	40⅝	40¾
Sept	42⅛	42⅛	41⅞	41⅞
Oct	43	43⅛	42⅝	$ 42⅝
Oats,—	$		$	
Aug	29	29⅛	28⅞	28⅞
Sept	30	30	29⅝	29⅞
Oct	30	30⅛	30	30⅛
Pork,—	$	$		$
Aug	9 60	9 60	9 55	9 57
Sept	9 65	9 67	9 65	9 67
Oct	9 75	9 77	9 72	9 77

LAPPIN'S MUSIC HALL.

MONDAY & TUESDAY
JULY 26 AND 27.

PARADISE LOST.

Heaven, Hell, Chaos and Paradise as described by

MILTON

AND

PAINTED BY GUTAVE DORE !

The great Miltonian tableaux by Prof. Joel G. Floyd.

Admission 25c. Children 15c.

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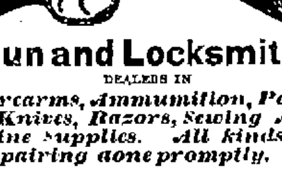

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DEALERS IN

Firearms, Ammunition, Pocket Knives, Razors, Sewing Machine Supplies. All kinds of Repairing done promptly.

Rifles & Shot Guns TO RENT.

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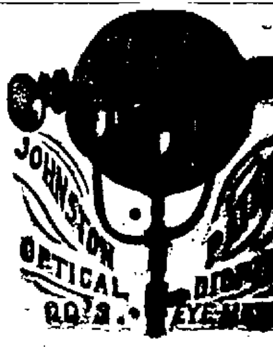

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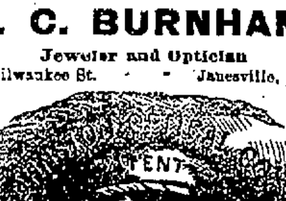
53 Milwaukee St. - - Janesville, Wis.



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Office in Tallman's Block, opposite First National Bank, West Milwaukee street, Janesville Wisconsin. Preservation of Natural Teeth a specialty. Nitrous-Oxide gas administered for the painless extraction of teeth. feb27dawl

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Offers to buyers an attractive list of FARMS and CITY PROPERTY, and invites negotiations with those having property to sell or exchange. Money Loaned, Titles Examined, and conveyancing done.
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TOBACCO INSPECTORS,
And Warehousemen,
NEW YORK.
Country Sampling promptly attended to
T. B. EARLE, Agent.
Milton Junction and Edgerton, Wis.
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Horse Shoeing.
JAMES GARDNER !
Has opened an establishment on East Milwaukee St., close by Galbraith Bros.' barn, where he will give close attention to horse shoeing, and solicits the patronage of horse owners. Special attention given to cases of interfering, over-reaching, corns, &c., &c.
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Eclectic Physician
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Office in Jeffris' block, over savings bank between the bridge and postoffice. Office hours, 10 to 12 a. m., and 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m. Residence Corner Milton Avenue and Walker street, Second ward. Call by telephone from central office for night calls. Careful Attention Given to the Treatment of Chronic and Private Diseases. aug23dwly

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All work warranted first-class.
A Specialty Made of Horse Shoeing
Also have shop right to use the celebrated Lockies' horse shoe and Pad, Agent for Single Center Buggy. Call and see me, it will pay you.

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Fire Cyclone and Life Insurance
In the best companies at the lowest possible rates. Real estate bought, sold and rented. Farms and city property for sale very cheap. Money to Loan J. G. SAXE.
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Merchant Tailoring
I am now located in the rooms lately occupied by Mr. Giffin, in Norcross' block. I have a full line of samples for
Spring Suitings !
Which I will make up from $20.00 upwards Pants from $5.00 upwards.
CLEANING AND REPAIRING DONE
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